

POWERSHARES EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND TRUST II

SUPPLEMENT DATED JANUARY 12, 2012 TO THE STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION DATED FEBRUARY 28, 2011 OF:

PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio

Effective immediately, the following language is inserted on page 4 immediately following the section titled “Investment Policies and Risks—Correlation and Tracking Error”:

Lending Portfolio Securities. PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio may lend its portfolio securities (principally to brokers, dealers or other financial institutions) to generate additional income. Such loans are callable at any time and are continuously secured by segregated cash collateral equal to at least 102% of the market value, determined daily, of the loaned securities. The Fund may lend portfolio securities to the extent of one-third of its total assets. The Fund will lend its securities only to parties that its investment adviser has determined are in good standing and when, in the investment adviser’s judgment, the potential income earned would justify the risks.

The Fund will not have the right to vote securities while they are on loan, but it will call a loan in anticipation of an important vote. The Fund would receive income in lieu of dividends on loaned securities and may, at the same time, generate income on the loan collateral or on the investment of any cash collateral.

Securities lending involves a risk of loss because the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. If the borrower defaults on its obligation to return the securities loaned because of insolvency or other reasons, the Fund could experience delays and costs in recovering securities loaned or gaining access to the collateral. If the Fund is not able to recover the securities loaned, the Fund may sell the collateral and purchase a replacement security in the market. Lending securities entails a risk of loss to the Fund if and to the extent that the market value of the loaned securities increases and the collateral is not increased accordingly. Securities lending also involves exposure to operational risk (the risk of loss resulting from errors in the settlement and accounting process) and “gap risk” (the risk that the return on cash collateral reinvestments will be less than the fees paid to the borrower).

Any cash received as collateral for loaned securities will be invested, in accordance with the investment guidelines of the Fund, in an affiliated money market fund.

Investing this cash subjects that investment to market appreciation or depreciation. For purposes of determining whether the Fund is complying with its investment policies, strategies and restrictions, the Fund will consider the loaned securities as assets of the Fund, but will not consider any collateral received as an asset of the Fund. The Fund will bear any loss on the investment of cash collateral.

For a discussion of the federal income tax considerations relating to lending portfolio securities, see “Taxes.”

Effective immediately, the following language is inserted on page 19 immediately following the section titled “Management—Distributor”:

Securities Lending Agent. Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. (“BBH”) acts as the securities lending agent for PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio. In its capacity as securities lending agent, BBH, among other things, enters into and maintains securities loan agreements with borrowers, negotiates fees with borrowers, delivers securities to borrowers, receives collateral from borrowers in connection with each loan, holds and safekeeps the collateral on behalf of the Fund and invests the cash collateral in accordance with the Adviser’s instructions. BBH will receive fees from the Fund and such fees will be calculated on, and deducted from, the Fund’s securities lending revenues.

Effective immediately, the fifth full paragraph on page 32 in the section titled “Taxes” is deleted and replaced with the following:

Distributions from a Fund’s net investment income, including any net short-term capital gains, if any, and distributions of income from securities lending, generally are taxable as ordinary income. Distributions reinvested in additional Shares of a Fund through the means of a dividend reinvestment service will be taxable dividends to shareholders acquiring such additional Shares to the same extent as if such dividends had been received in cash. Distributions of net long-term capital gains, if any, in excess of net short-term capital losses are taxable as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long shareholders have held the Shares.

Effective immediately, the following language is inserted immediately before the first full paragraph on page 34 in the section titled “Taxes”:

Securities Lending. While securities are loaned out by a Fund, the Fund generally will receive from the borrower amounts equal to any dividends or interest paid on the borrowed securities. For federal income tax purposes, payments made “in lieu of” dividends are not considered dividend income. These distributions neither will qualify for the reduced rate of federal income taxation for individuals on qualified dividends income, if otherwise available, nor for the 70% dividends received deduction for corporations. Also, any foreign tax withheld on payments made “in lieu of” dividends or interest may not qualify for the pass-through of foreign tax credits to shareholders.

Please Retain This Supplement For Future Reference.

POWERSHARES EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND TRUST II

SUPPLEMENT DATED MARCH 22, 2011 TO THE STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION DATED FEBRUARY 28, 2011 OF:

PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio

Effective March 23, 2011, the ticker symbols for the above-listed portfolios (each, a “Fund”) are changed in accordance with the following:

<u>Fund Name</u>	<u>Old Ticker Symbol</u>	<u>New Ticker Symbol</u>
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio	XLYS	PSCD
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio	XLPS	PSCC
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio	XLES	PSCE
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio	XLFS	PSCF
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio	XLVS	PSCH
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio	XLIS	PSCI
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio	XLKS	PSCT
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio	XLBS	PSCM
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio	XLUS	PSCU

All references in the Statement of Additional Information to the old ticker symbol for each Fund are hereby deleted and replaced with the new ticker symbol for the Fund.

Please Retain This Supplement For Future Reference.

P-SCS-SOIA-STK-1 3/22/11

Investment Company Act File No. 811-21977

PowerShares Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Dated February 28, 2011

This Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) is not a prospectus. It should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus dated February 28, 2011 for the PowerShares Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II (the “Trust”), relating to the series of the Trust listed below, as it may be revised from time to time.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Principal U.S. Listing Exchange</u>	<u>Ticker</u>
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLYS
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLPS
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLSE
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLFS
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLVS
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLIS
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLKS
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLBS
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC	XLUS

Capitalized terms used herein that are not defined have the same meaning as in the Prospectus, unless otherwise noted. A copy of the Prospectus may be obtained without charge by writing to the Trust’s Distributor, Invesco Distributors, Inc., 11 Greenway Plaza, Suite 100, Houston, Texas 77046-1173, or by calling toll free 800.983.0903. The audited financial statements and related report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, for each Fund contained in each Fund’s 2011 Annual Report are incorporated herein by reference in the section “Financial Statements.” No other portions of each Fund’s Annual Report are incorporated by reference herein.

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE TRUST AND THE FUNDS

The Trust was organized as a Massachusetts business trust on October 10, 2006 and is authorized to have multiple series or portfolios. The Trust is an open-end management investment company, registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). The Trust currently consists of 45 portfolios. This SAI relates to nine of the investment portfolios: PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio, PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio, PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio, PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio, PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio, PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio, PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio, PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio and PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio (each a “Fund” and, together, the “Funds”). Because each Fund is “non-diversified,” each Fund’s investments are not required to meet certain diversification requirements under the 1940 Act. The shares of the Funds are referred to herein as “Shares.”

The investment objective of each Fund is to seek investment results that correspond (before fees and expenses) generally to the price and yield performance of a specific benchmark index (each, an “Underlying Index”). Each Fund is managed by Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (the “Adviser”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Invesco Ltd.

Each Fund issues and redeems Shares at net asset value (“NAV”) only in aggregations of 50,000 Shares (each a “Creation Unit” or a “Creation Unit Aggregation”). Each Fund issues and redeems Creation Units principally in exchange for a basket of securities included in its Underlying Index (the “Deposit Securities”), together with the deposit of a specified cash payment (the “Cash Component”), plus a fixed transaction fee. The Funds’ Shares are listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (“NASDAQ” or the “Exchange”). Shares trade on the Exchange at market prices that may be below, at or above NAV. In the event of the liquidation of a Fund, the Trust may decrease the number of Shares in a Creation Unit.

Each Fund reserves the right to offer creations and redemptions of Shares for cash. In addition, Shares may be issued in advance of receipt of Deposit Securities subject to various conditions, including a requirement to maintain on deposit with the Trust cash at least equal to 115% of the market value of the missing Deposit Securities. See the “Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations” section. In each instance of such cash creations or redemptions, transaction fees may be imposed that will be higher than the transaction fees associated with in-kind creations or redemptions.

EXCHANGE LISTING AND TRADING

Shares of each Fund are listed for trading and trade throughout the day on NASDAQ.

In order to provide additional information regarding the indicative value of Shares of each Fund, NASDAQ or a market data vendor disseminates every 15 seconds through the facilities of the Consolidated Tape Association or other widely disseminated means an updated “intraday indicative value” (“IIV”) for the Funds as calculated by an information provider or market data vendor. The Trust is not involved in or responsible for any aspect of the calculation or dissemination of the IIVs and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of the IIVs.

The Funds are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by NASDAQ or its affiliates (collectively, the “Corporations”). The Corporations have not passed on the legality or suitability of, or the accuracy or adequacy of descriptions and disclosures relating to, the Funds. The Corporations make no representation or warranty, express or implied to the owners of the Funds or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Funds particularly. The Corporations’ only relationship to the Trust is as a calculation agent for the IIVs for the respective Shares. The Corporations have no liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Funds.

THE CORPORATIONS DO NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE DATA ON WHICH THE IIV CALCULATIONS ARE BASED OR THE ACTUAL COMPUTATION OF THE VALUE OF THE IIV, NOR SHALL THE CORPORATIONS BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DELAYS IN THE COMPUTATION OR DISSEMINATION OF THE IIV VALUES. THE CORPORATIONS MAKE NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY THE TRUST, OWNERS OF THE FUNDS, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE IIVS OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. THE CORPORATIONS MAKE NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE IIVS OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CORPORATIONS HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY LOST PROFITS OR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF DAMAGES.

INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RESTRICTIONS

Investment Strategies

Each Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in securities that comprise its Underlying Index. Each Fund operates as an index fund and will not be actively managed. Each Fund attempts to replicate, before fees and expenses, the performance of its Underlying Index, although a Fund may use sampling techniques for the purpose of complying with regulatory or investment restrictions or when sampling is deemed appropriate to track the Underlying Index.

Investment Restrictions

The Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board") has adopted as fundamental policies the Funds' respective investment restrictions numbered (1) through (7) below. Each Fund, as a fundamental policy, may not:

- (1) Invest 25% or more of the value of its total assets in securities of issuers in any one industry or group of industries, except to the extent that the underlying index that the Fund replicates, concentrates in an industry or group of industries. This restriction does not apply to obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities.
- (2) Borrow money, except that the Fund may (i) borrow money from banks for temporary or emergency purposes (but not for leverage or the purchase of investments) up to 10% of its total assets and (ii) make other investments or engage in other transactions permissible under the 1940 Act that may involve a borrowing, provided that the combination of (i) and (ii) shall not exceed 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the amount borrowed), less the Fund's liabilities (other than borrowings).
- (3) Act as an underwriter of another issuer's securities, except to the extent that the Fund may be deemed to be an underwriter within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in connection with the purchase and sale of portfolio securities.
- (4) Make loans to other persons, except through (i) the purchase of debt securities permissible under the Fund's investment policies, (ii) repurchase agreements or (iii) the lending of portfolio securities, provided that no such loan of portfolio securities may be made by the Fund if, as a result, the aggregate of such loans would exceed 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ % of the value of the Fund's total assets.
- (5) Purchase or sell physical commodities unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prevent the Fund (i) from purchasing or selling options, futures contracts or other derivative instruments, or (ii) from investing in securities or other instruments backed by physical commodities).

(6) Purchase or sell real estate unless acquired as a result of ownership of securities or other instruments (but this shall not prohibit the Fund from purchasing or selling securities or other instruments backed by real estate or of issuers engaged in real estate activities).

(7) Issue senior securities, except as permitted under the 1940 Act.

Except for restriction (2), if a percentage restriction is adhered to at the time of investment, a later increase in percentage resulting from a change in market value of the investment or the total assets, or the sale of a security out of the portfolio, will not constitute a violation of that restriction. With respect to restriction (2), in the event that a Fund's borrowings at any time exceed 33⅓% of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the amount borrowed) less the Fund's liabilities (other than borrowings) due to subsequent changes in the value of the Fund's assets or otherwise, within three days (excluding Sundays and holidays), the Fund will take corrective action to reduce the amount of its borrowings to an extent that such borrowings will not exceed 33⅓% of the value of the Fund's total assets (including the amount borrowed) less the Fund's liabilities (other than borrowings).

The foregoing fundamental investment policies cannot be changed as to a Fund without approval by holders of a "majority of the Fund's outstanding voting securities." As defined in the 1940 Act, this means the vote of (i) 67% or more of the Fund's Shares present at a meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of the Fund's Shares are present or represented by proxy, or (ii) more than 50% of the Fund's Shares, whichever is less.

In addition to the foregoing fundamental investment policies, each Fund is also subject to the following non-fundamental restrictions and policies, which may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval. Each Fund may not:

(1) Sell securities short, unless the Fund owns or has the right to obtain securities equivalent in kind and amount to the securities sold short at no added cost, and provided that transactions in options, futures contracts, options on futures contracts or other derivative instruments are not deemed to constitute selling securities short.

(2) Purchase securities on margin, except that the Fund may obtain such short-term credits as are necessary for the clearance of transactions; and provided that margin deposits in connection with futures contracts, options on futures contracts or other derivative instruments shall not constitute purchasing securities on margin.

(3) Purchase securities of open-end or closed-end investment companies except in compliance with the 1940 Act, although no Fund may acquire any securities of registered open-end investment companies or registered unit investment trusts in reliance on Sections 12(d)(1)(F) and 12(d)(1)(G) of the 1940 Act.

(4) Invest in direct interests in oil, gas or other mineral exploration programs or leases; however, the Fund may invest in the securities of issuers that engage in these activities.

(5) Invest in illiquid securities if, as a result of such investment, more than 15% of the Fund's net assets would be invested in illiquid securities.

The investment objective of each Fund is a non-fundamental policy that can be changed by the Board without approval by shareholders.

INVESTMENT POLICIES AND RISKS

A discussion of each Fund's investment policies and the risks associated with an investment in the Funds is contained in the "Summary Information—Principal Investment Strategies" and "Summary Information—Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund" sections applicable to each Fund and the "Additional Information About the Funds' Strategies and Risks" section of the Prospectus. The discussion below supplements, and should be read in conjunction with, these sections of the Prospectus.

An investment in a Fund should be made with an understanding that the value of the Fund's portfolio securities may fluctuate in accordance with changes in the financial condition of the issuers of the portfolio securities, the value of securities in general and other factors that affect the market.

An investment in a Fund should also be made with an understanding of the risks inherent in an investment in equity securities, including the risk that the financial condition of issuers may become impaired or that the general condition of the securities market may deteriorate (either of which may cause a decrease in the value of the portfolio securities and thus in the value of Shares). Securities are susceptible to general securities market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence and perceptions of their issuers' change. These investor perceptions are based on various and unpredictable factors, including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies, inflation and interest rates, economic expansion or contraction, and global or regional political, economic or banking crises.

Holders of common stock incur more risk than holders of preferred stock and debt obligations because common stockholders, as owners of the issuer, have generally inferior rights to receive payments from the issuer in comparison with the rights of creditors, or holders of debt obligations or preferred stock. Further, unlike debt securities which typically have a stated principal amount payable at maturity (whose value, however, is subject to market fluctuations prior thereto), or preferred stock, which typically has a liquidation preference and which may have stated optional or mandatory redemption provisions, common stock has neither a fixed principal amount nor a maturity.

The existence of a liquid trading market for certain securities may depend on whether dealers will make a market in such securities. There can be no assurance that a market will be made or maintained or that any such market will be or remain liquid. The price at which securities may be sold and the value of a Fund's Shares will be adversely affected if trading markets for the Fund's portfolio securities are limited or absent, or if bid/ask spreads are wide.

An investment in each Fund should also be made with an understanding that the Fund will not be able to replicate exactly the performance of its Underlying Index because the total return generated by the securities will be reduced by transaction costs incurred in adjusting the actual balance of the securities and other Fund expenses, whereas such transaction costs and expenses are not included in the calculation of its Underlying Index. It is also possible that a Fund may not replicate the performance of its Underlying Index due to the temporary unavailability of certain Underlying Index securities in the secondary market or due to other extraordinary circumstances. A Fund may also have to vary its portfolio holdings from the composition of its Underlying Index in order to continue to qualify as a "regulated investment company" under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Internal Revenue Code").

The Funds are not actively managed, and therefore would not necessarily sell a security unless the security is removed from its Underlying Index.

Correlation and Tracking Error. Correlation measures the degree of association between the returns of a Fund and its Underlying Index. Each Fund seeks a correlation over time of 0.95 or better between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Underlying Index; a figure of 1.00 would indicate perfect correlation. Correlation is calculated at each Fund's fiscal year-end by comparing the Fund's average monthly total returns, before fees and expenses, to its Underlying Index's average monthly total returns over the prior one-year period or since inception if the Fund has been in existence for less than one year. Another means of evaluating the degree of correlation between the returns of a Fund and its Underlying Index is to assess the "tracking error" between the two. Tracking error means the variation between each Fund's annual return and the return of its Underlying Index, expressed in terms of standard deviation. Each Fund seeks to have a tracking error of less than 5%, measured on a monthly basis over a one-year period by taking the standard deviation of the difference in the Fund's returns versus the Underlying Index's returns.

Repurchase Agreements. Each Fund may enter into repurchase agreements, which are agreements pursuant to which securities are acquired by the Fund from a third party with the understanding that they will be repurchased by the seller at a fixed price on an agreed date. These agreements may be made with respect to any of the portfolio securities in which a Fund is authorized to invest. Repurchase agreements may be characterized as

loans secured by the underlying securities. Each Fund may enter into repurchase agreements with (i) member banks of the Federal Reserve System having total assets in excess of \$500 million and (ii) securities dealers (“Qualified Institutions”). The Adviser will monitor the continued creditworthiness of Qualified Institutions.

The use of repurchase agreements involves certain risks. For example, if the seller of securities under a repurchase agreement defaults on its obligation to repurchase the underlying securities, as a result of its bankruptcy or otherwise, the Fund will seek to dispose of such securities, which action could involve costs or delays. If the seller becomes insolvent and subject to liquidation or reorganization under applicable bankruptcy or other laws, the Fund’s ability to dispose of the underlying securities may be restricted. Finally, it is possible that the Fund may not be able to substantiate its interest in the underlying securities. To minimize this risk, the securities underlying the repurchase agreement will be held by the Funds’ custodian at all times in an amount at least equal to the repurchase price, including accrued interest. If the seller fails to repurchase the securities, the Fund may suffer a loss to the extent proceeds from the sale of the underlying securities are less than the repurchase price.

The resale price reflects the purchase price plus an agreed upon market rate of interest. The collateral is marked-to-market daily.

Reverse Repurchase Agreements. Each Fund may enter into reverse repurchase agreements, which involve the sale of securities with an agreement to repurchase the securities at an agreed-upon price, date and interest payment and have the characteristics of borrowing. The securities purchased with the funds obtained from the agreement and securities collateralizing the agreement will have maturity dates no later than the repayment date. Generally, the effect of such transactions is that a Fund can recover all or most of the cash invested in the portfolio securities involved during the term of the reverse repurchase agreement, while in many cases the Fund is able to keep some of the interest income associated with those securities. Such transactions are only advantageous if a Fund has an opportunity to earn a greater rate of return on the cash derived from these transactions than the interest cost of obtaining the same amount of cash. Opportunities to realize earnings from the use of the proceeds equal to or greater than the interest required to be paid may not always be available and each Fund intends to use the reverse repurchase technique only when the Adviser believes it will be advantageous to the Fund. The use of reverse repurchase agreements may exaggerate any interim increase or decrease in the value of a Fund’s assets. The custodian bank will maintain a separate account for each Fund with securities having a value equal to or greater than such commitments. Under the 1940 Act, reverse repurchase agreements are considered borrowings.

Money Market Instruments. Each Fund may invest a portion of its assets in high-quality money market instruments on an ongoing basis to provide liquidity. The instruments in which each Fund may invest include: (i) short-term obligations issued by the U.S. Government; (ii) negotiable certificates of deposit (“CDs”), fixed time deposits and bankers’ acceptances of U.S. and foreign banks and similar institutions; (iii) commercial paper rated at the date of purchase “Prime-1” by Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. or “A-1+” or “A-1” by Standard & Poor’s Ratings Group, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., or, if unrated, of comparable quality as determined by the Adviser; (iv) repurchase agreements; and (v) money market mutual funds. CDs are short-term negotiable obligations of commercial banks. Time deposits are non-negotiable deposits maintained in banking institutions for specified periods of time at stated interest rates. Banker’s acceptances are time drafts drawn on commercial banks by borrowers, usually in connection with international transactions.

Investment Companies. Each Fund may invest in the securities of other investment companies (including money market funds). Under the 1940 Act, each Fund’s investment in investment companies is limited to, subject to certain exceptions, (i) 3% of the total outstanding voting stock of any one investment company, (ii) 5% of the Fund’s total assets with respect to any one investment company and (iii) 10% of the Fund’s total assets of investment companies in the aggregate.

Real Estate Investment Trusts (“REITs”). Each Fund may invest in the securities of REITs, which pool investors’ funds for investments primarily in real estate properties, to the extent allowed by law. Investment in REITs may be the most practical available means for a Fund to invest in the real estate industry. As a shareholder in a REIT, the Fund would bear its ratable share of the REIT’s expenses, including its advisory and administration fees. At the same time, a Fund would continue to pay its own investment advisory fees and other expenses, as a result of which the Fund and its shareholders in effect will be absorbing duplicate levels of fees with respect to

investments in REITs. A REIT may focus on particular projects, such as apartment complexes, or geographic regions, such as the southeastern United States, or both.

REITs can generally be classified as equity REITs, mortgage REITs and hybrid REITs. Equity REITs generally invest a majority of their assets in income-producing real estate properties in order to generate cash flow from rental income and a gradual asset appreciation. The income-producing real estate properties in which equity REITs invest typically include properties such as office, retail industrial, hotel and apartment buildings, self storage, specialty and diversified and healthcare facilities. Equity REITs can realize capital gains by selling properties that have appreciated in value. Mortgage REITs invest the majority of their assets in real estate mortgages and derive their income primarily from interest payments on the mortgages. Hybrid REITs combine the characteristics of both equity REITs and mortgage REITs.

REITs can be listed and traded on national securities exchanges or can be traded privately between individual owners. The Funds may invest in both publicly and privately traded REITs.

Each Fund could conceivably own real estate directly as a result of a default on the securities it owns. A Fund, therefore, may be subject to certain risks associated with the direct ownership of real estate, including difficulties in valuing and trading real estate, declines in the values of real estate, risks related to general and local economic conditions, adverse changes in the climate for real estate, environmental liability risks, increases in property taxes and operating expenses, changes in zoning laws, casualty or condemnation losses, limitations on rents, changes in neighborhood values, the appeal of properties to tenants and increases in interest rates.

In addition to the risks described above, equity REITs may be affected by any changes in the value of the underlying property owned by the trusts, while mortgage REITs may be affected by the quality of any credit extended. Equity and mortgage REITs are dependent upon management skill, are not diversified and are therefore subject to the risk of financing single or a limited number of projects. Such REITs are also subject to heavy cash flow dependency, defaults by borrowers, self-liquidation and the possibility of failing to maintain an exemption from the 1940 Act. Changes in interest rates may also affect the value of debt securities held by a Fund. By investing in REITs indirectly through a Fund, a shareholder will bear not only his/her proportionate share of the expenses of the Fund, but also, indirectly, similar expenses of the REITs.

Illiquid Securities. Each Fund may invest up to an aggregate amount of 15% of its net assets in illiquid securities. Illiquid securities include securities subject to contractual or other restrictions on resale and other instruments that lack readily available markets.

Exchange Listing and Trading. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of Shares of a Fund will continue to be met. The Exchange may, but is not required to, remove the Shares of a Fund from listing if (i) following the initial 12-month period beginning at the commencement of trading of the Fund, there are fewer than 50 beneficial owners of the Shares of the Fund for 30 or more consecutive trading days; (ii) the value of the Underlying Index is no longer calculated or available; or (iii) such other event shall occur or condition exist that, in the opinion of the Exchange, makes further dealings on the Exchange inadvisable. The Exchange will remove the Shares of a Fund from listing and trading upon termination of such Fund.

As in the case of other stocks traded on the Exchange, brokers' commissions on transactions will be based on negotiated commission rates at customary levels.

The Trust reserves the right to adjust the price levels of the Shares in the future to help maintain convenient trading ranges for investors. Any adjustments would be accomplished through stock splits or reverse stock splits, which would have no effect on the net assets of each Fund.

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER

The Funds commenced investment operations on April 5, 2010. Accordingly, information on their portfolio turnover rates for a full fiscal year is not available as of the date of this SAI.

DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Quarterly Portfolio Schedule. The Trust is required to disclose, after its first and third fiscal quarters, the complete schedule of each Fund's portfolio holdings with the SEC on Form N-Q. The Trust also discloses a complete schedule of each Fund's portfolio holdings with the SEC on Form N-CSR after its second and fourth quarters.

Form N-Q and Form N-CSR for the Funds are available on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>. The Funds' Form N-Q and Form N-CSR may also be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C., and information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 202.942.8090. The Funds' Form N-Q and Form N-CSR are available without charge, upon request, by calling 630.933.9600 or 800.983.0903 or by writing to PowerShares Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II at 301 West Roosevelt Road, Wheaton, Illinois 60187.

Portfolio Holdings Policy. The Trust has adopted a policy regarding the disclosure of information about the Trust's portfolio holdings. The Board must approve all material amendments to this policy.

The Funds' portfolio holdings are publicly disseminated each day the Funds are open for business through financial reporting and news services, including publicly accessible Internet web-sites. In addition, a basket composition file, which includes the security names and share quantities to deliver in exchange for Shares, together with estimates and actual cash components, is publicly disseminated daily prior to the opening of the Exchanges via the National Securities Clearing Corporation ("NSCC"). The basket represents one Creation Unit of each Fund. The Trust, the Adviser and The Bank of New York Mellon ("BNYM" or the "Administrator") will not disseminate non-public information concerning the Trust.

Access to information concerning the Funds' portfolio holdings may be permitted at other times to personnel of third party service providers, including the Funds' custodian, transfer agent, auditors and counsel, as may be necessary to conduct business in the ordinary course in a manner consistent with such service providers' agreements with the Trust on behalf of the Funds.

MANAGEMENT

The primary responsibility of the Board is to represent the interests of the Funds and to provide oversight of the management of the Funds. The Trust currently has seven Trustees. Five Trustees have no affiliation or business connection with the Adviser or any of its affiliated persons and do not own any stock or other securities issued by the Adviser. These are the "non-interested" (as such term is defined under the 1940 Act) or "independent" Trustees ("Independent Trustees"). The other two Trustees (the "Interested Trustees") are affiliated with the Adviser.

The Independent Trustees, their term of office and length of time served, their principal business occupations during the past five years, the number of portfolios in the Fund Complex (defined below) overseen by each Independent Trustee and other directorships, if any, held by the Trustee are shown below. The "Fund Complex" includes all open- and closed-end funds (including all of their portfolios) advised by the Adviser and any funds that have an investment adviser that is an affiliated person of the Adviser. As of the date of this SAI, the "Fund Family" consists of the Trust and three other exchange-traded fund trusts advised by the Adviser.

Name, Address and Age of Independent Trustee	Position(s) Held with Trust	Term of Office and Length of Time Served*	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Independent Trustee	Other Directorships Held by Independent Trustee
Ronn R. Bagge (53) c/o Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Trustee	Since 2007	Founder and Principal, YQA Capital Management, LLC (1998-Present); formerly Owner/CEO of Electronic Dynamic Balancing Co., Inc. (high-speed rotating equipment service provider)	107	None

* This is the date the Independent Trustee began serving the Trust. Each Trustee serves an indefinite term, until his successor is elected.

<u>Name, Address and Age of Independent Trustee</u>	<u>Position(s) Held with Trust</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served*</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Independent Trustee</u>	<u>Other Directorships Held by Independent Trustee</u>
Todd J. Barre (53) c/o Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Trustee	Since 2010	Assistant Professor of Business, Trinity Christian College (2010-present); formerly Vice President and Investment Strategist (2001-2008), Director of Open Architecture and Trading (2007-2008), Head of Fundamental Research (2004-2007), and Vice President and Senior Fixed Income Strategist (1994-2001), BMO Financial Group/Harris Private Bank	107	None
Marc M. Kole (50) c/o Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Trustee	Since 2007	Chief Financial Officer, Hope Network (social services) (2008-Present); formerly Assistant Vice President and Controller, Priority Health (health insurance) (2005-2008); Senior Vice President of Finance, United Healthcare (2004-2005); Senior Vice President of Finance, Oxford Health Plans (2000-2004)	107	None
Philip M. Nussbaum (49) c/o Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Trustee	Since 2007	Chairman, Performance Trust Capital Partners (2004-Present)	107	None
Donald H. Wilson (51) c/o Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Trustee	Since 2007	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Stone Pillar Advisers, Ltd. (2010-Present); formerly Chief Operating Officer, AMCORE Financial, Inc. (bank holding company) (2007-2009); Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, AMCORE Financial, Inc. (bank holding company) (2006-2007); Senior Vice President and Treasurer, Marshall & Ilsley Corp. (bank holding company) (1995-2006)	107	None

* This is the date the Independent Trustee began serving the Trust. Each Trustee serves an indefinite term, until his successor is elected.

The Interested Trustees and the executive officers of the Trust, their term of office and length of time served, their principal business occupations during the past five years, the number of portfolios in the Fund Complex overseen by the Interested Trustees and the other directorships, if any, held by the Interested Trustees, are shown below.

<u>Name, Address and Age of Interested Trustee</u>	<u>Position(s) Held with Trust</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served*</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>	<u>Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Interested Trustee</u>	<u>Other Directorships Held by Interested Trustee</u>
H. Bruce Bond (47) Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Chairman of the Board and Trustee	Since 2006	Chairman, Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (2009-Present); formerly Managing Director, Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (2002-2009); Manager, Nuveen Investments (1998-2002)	107	None
Kevin M. Carome (54) Invesco Ltd. Two Peachtree Pointe 1555 Peachtree St., N.E. Suite 1800 Atlanta, GA 30309	Trustee	Since 2010	Senior Managing Director and General Counsel, Invesco Ltd. (2006-Present); formerly Senior Vice President and General Counsel, Invesco Advisors, Inc. (2003-2005); Senior Vice President and General Counsel, Liberty Financial Companies, Inc. (2000-2001); General Counsel of certain investment management subsidiaries of Liberty Financial Companies, Inc. (1998-2000); Associate General Counsel, Liberty Financial Companies, Inc. (1993-1998); Associate, Ropes & Gray LLP	107	None

* This is the date the Interested Trustee began serving the Trust. Each Trustee serves an indefinite term, until his successor is elected.

<u>Name, Address and Age of Executive Officer</u>	<u>Position(s) Held with Trust</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served*</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>
Andrew Schlossberg (36) Invesco Management Group, Inc. 11 Greenway Plaza Suite 100 Houston, TX 77046	President	Since 2009	Managing Director, U.S. head of business strategy and chief marketing officer for Invesco Ltd. in the United States (2008-Present); formerly Mr. Schlossberg served in multiple roles within Invesco, including head of corporate development, as well as global leadership roles in strategy and product development in the company's North American Institutional and Retirement divisions (2002-2007)
Bruce T. Duncan (56) Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Treasurer and Secretary	Treasurer since 2007 and Secretary since 2008	Senior Vice President of Finance, Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (2005-Present); formerly Private Practice Attorney (2000-2005); Vice President of Investor Relations, The ServiceMaster Company (1994-2000); Vice President of Taxes, The ServiceMaster Company (1990-2000)

* This is the date the Officer began serving the Trust. Each Officer serves an indefinite term, until his successor is elected.

<u>Name, Address and Age of Executive Officer</u>	<u>Position(s) Held with Trust</u>	<u>Term of Office and Length of Time Served*</u>	<u>Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years</u>
Benjamin Fulton (49) Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Vice President	Since 2009	Executive Vice President—Global Product Development, Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (2005-Present); formerly principal of Clermont Consulting, a consulting firm focused on the creation and development of retail investment products (2003-2005); President and a founding partner of Claymore Securities, a financial services firm in the Chicagoland area (2001-2003); Managing Director of Structured Investments at Nuveen Investments (1998-2001)
Peter Hubbard (29) Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC 301 West Roosevelt Road Wheaton, IL 60187	Vice President	Since 2009	Vice President and Director of Portfolio Management—Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (2008-Present); formerly Portfolio Manager, Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (2007-2008); Research Analyst, Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (2005-2007); Research Analyst and Trader, Ritchie Capital, a hedge fund operator (2003-2005).
David Warren (53) Invesco Trimark Ltd. 5140 Yonge Street Suite 900 Toronto, Ontario M2N 6X7	Vice President	Since 2009	Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Invesco Trimark Ltd. and Chief Administrative Officer, North American Retail, Invesco Ltd. (2007-Present); formerly Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Invesco Trimark Ltd. (2000-2006)
Todd L. Spillane (51) Invesco Management Group, Inc. 11 Greenway Plaza Suite 100 Houston, TX 77046-1173	Chief Compliance Officer	Since 2010	Senior Vice President, Invesco Management Group, Inc.; Chief Compliance Officer, Invesco Private Capital Investments, Inc. (holding company), Invesco Private Capital, Inc. (registered investment adviser) and Invesco Senior Secured Management, Inc. (registered investment adviser); Chief Compliance Officer and Senior Vice President, Invesco Advisers (formerly Invesco Institutional, (N.A.), Inc.—registered investment adviser) and Vice President, Invesco Distributors, Inc. and Invesco Investment Services, Inc.; formerly Chief Compliance Officer, Invesco Global Asset Management (N.A.), Inc. (registered investment adviser) and Invesco Advisers, Inc. (formerly Invesco Institutional (N.A.), Inc.) (registered investment adviser); Senior Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer, Invesco Advisers, Inc., Invesco Capital Management, Inc. and Invesco Private Asset Management, Inc.; Vice President, Invesco Capital Management, Inc. and Fund Management Company

* This is the date the Officer began serving the Trust. Each Officer serves an indefinite term, until his successor is elected.

For each Trustee, the dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by the Trustee in the Funds and in all registered investment companies overseen by the Trustee as of December 31, 2010 is shown below.

<u>Name of Trustee</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>
Ronn R. Bagge	None	None	None	None
Todd J. Barre	None	None	None	None
Marc M. Kole	None	None	None	None
Philip M. Nussbaum	None	None	None	None
Donald H. Wilson	None	None	None	None
H. Bruce Bond	None	None	None	None
Kevin M. Carome	None	None	None	None

<u>Name of Trustee</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>
Ronn R. Bagge	None	None	None	None
Todd J. Barre	None	None	None	None
Marc M. Kole	None	None	None	None
Philip M. Nussbaum	None	None	None	None
Donald H. Wilson	None	None	None	None
H. Bruce Bond	None	None	None	None
Kevin M. Carome	None	None	None	None

<u>Name of Trustee</u>	<u>Dollar Range of Equity Securities in PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio (As of December 31, 2010)</u>	<u>Aggregate Dollar Range of Equity Securities in All Registered Investment Companies Overseen by Trustee in Fund Family (As of December 31, 2010)</u>
Ronn R. Bagge	None	over \$100,000
Todd J. Barre	None	over \$100,000
Marc M. Kole	None	over \$100,000
Philip M. Nussbaum	None	over \$100,000
Donald H. Wilson	None	over \$100,000
H. Bruce Bond	None	over \$100,000
Kevin M. Carome	None	None

As of December 31, 2010, as to each Independent Trustee and his immediate family members, no person owned beneficially or of record securities in an investment adviser or principal underwriter of the Funds, or a person (other than a registered investment company) directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with an investment adviser or principal underwriter of the Funds.

Board and Committee Structure. As noted above, the Board is responsible for oversight of the Funds, including oversight of the duties performed by the Adviser for the Funds under the investment advisory agreement (the “Investment Advisory Agreement”). The Board generally meets in regularly scheduled meetings five times a year, and may meet more often as required. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010, the Board held seven meetings.

The Board has two standing committees, the Audit Committee and the Nominating and Governance Committee, and has delegated certain responsibilities to those Committees.

Messrs. Bagge, Barre, Kole, Nussbaum and Wilson currently serve as members of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has the responsibility, among other things, to: (i) approve and recommend to the Board the selection of the Trust’s independent registered public accounting firm, (ii) review the scope of the independent registered public accounting firm’s audit activity, (iii) review the audited financial statements and (iv) review with such independent registered public accounting firm the adequacy and the effectiveness of the Trust’s internal controls. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010, the Audit Committee held four meetings.

Messrs. Bagge, Barre, Kole, Nussbaum and Wilson currently serve as members of the Nominating and Governance Committee. The Nominating and Governance Committee has the responsibility, among other things, to identify and recommend individuals for Board membership, and evaluate candidates for Board membership. The Board will consider recommendations for trustees from shareholders. Nominations from shareholders should be in writing and sent to the Secretary of the Trust to the attention of the Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee, as described below under the caption “Shareholder Communications.” During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010, the Nominating and Governance Committee held five meetings.

Mr. Bond, one of the Interested Trustees, serves as chairman of the Board. Mr. Wilson serves as the lead Independent Trustee. Mr. Kole serves as chairman of the Audit Committee and Mr. Bagge serves as chairman of

the Nominating and Governance Committee. The lead Independent Trustee serves as a liaison between, and facilitates communication among, the other Independent Trustees and the Interested Trustees, the Adviser and other service providers with respect to Board matters. The lead Independent Trustee also reviews and provides input on the agendas for Board meetings and serves as chairman for meetings of the Independent Trustees. The chairmen of the Audit Committee and Nominating and Governance Committee also serve as liaisons between the Adviser and other service providers and the other Independent Trustees with respect to matters pertaining to the respective Committee. The Board regularly reviews its Committee structure and membership and believes that the Board's current leadership structure is appropriate based on the assets and number of Funds overseen by the Trustees, the size of the Board and the nature of the Funds' business.

Risk Oversight. The Funds are subject to a number of risks, including operational, investment and compliance risks. The Board, directly and through its Committees, as part of its oversight responsibilities, oversees the services provided by the Adviser and the Trust's other service providers in connection with the management and operations of the Funds, as well as their associated risks. Under the oversight of the Board, the Trust, the Adviser and other service providers have adopted policies, procedures and controls to address these risks. The Board, directly and through its Committees, receives and reviews information from the Adviser, other service providers, the Trust's independent registered public accounting firm, Trust counsel and counsel to the Independent Trustees to assist it in its oversight responsibilities. This information includes, but is not limited to, reports regarding the Funds' investments, including Fund performance and investment practices, valuation of Fund portfolio securities, and compliance. The Board also reviews, and must approve any proposed changes to, a Fund's investment objective, policies and restrictions, and reviews any areas of non-compliance with the Funds' investment policies and restrictions. The Audit Committee monitors the Trust's accounting policies, financial reporting and internal control system and reviews any internal audit reports impacting the Trust. As part of its compliance oversight, the Board reviews the annual compliance report issued by the Trust's Chief Compliance Officer on the policies and procedures of the Trust and its service providers, proposed changes to the policies and procedures and quarterly reports on any material compliance issues that arose during the period.

Experience, Qualifications and Attributes. As noted above, the Nominating and Governance Committee is responsible for identifying, evaluating and recommending trustee candidates. The Nominating and Governance Committee reviews the background and the educational, business and professional experience of trustee candidates and the candidates' expected contributions to the Board. Trustees selected to serve on the Board are expected to possess relevant skills and experience, time availability and the ability to work well with the other Trustees. In addition to these qualities and based on each Trustee's experience, qualifications and attributes and the Trustees' combined contributions to the Board, following is a brief summary of the information that led to the conclusion that each Board member should serve as a Trustee.

Mr. Bagge has served as a trustee and Chairman of the Nominating and Governance Committee with the Fund Family since 2003. He founded YQA Capital Management, LLC in 1998 and has since served as a principal. Previously, Mr. Bagge was the owner and CEO of Electronic Dynamic Balancing Company from 1988 to 2001. He began his career as a securities analyst for institutional investors, including CT&T Asset Management and J.C. Bradford & Co. The Board considered that Mr. Bagge has served as a board member or advisor for several privately held businesses and charitable organizations and the executive, investment and operations experience that Mr. Bagge has gained over the course of his career and through his financial industry experience.

Mr. Barre has served as a trustee with the Fund Family since 2010. He has served as Assistant Professor of Business at Trinity Christian College since 2010. Previously, he served in various positions with BMO Financial Group/Harris Private Bank, including Vice President and Senior Investment Strategist (2001-2008), Director of Open Architecture and Trading (2007-2008), Head of Fundamental Research (2004-2007) and Vice President and Senior Fixed Income Strategist (1994-2001). From 1983 to 1994, Mr. Barre was with the Office of the Manager of Investments at Commonwealth Edison Co. He also was a staff accountant at Peat Marwick Mitchell & Co. from 1981 to 1983. The Board considered the executive, financial and investment experience that Mr. Barre has gained over the course of his career and through his financial industry experience.

Mr. Bond has served as a trustee with the Fund Family since 2003. He founded, and is currently the Chairman of, the Adviser in 2002. Before founding the Adviser, Mr. Bond served as Manager at Nuveen Investments from 1998 to 2002. Prior to his employment at Nuveen Investments, he was Vice President and Regional Sales Manager at First Trust Portfolios L.P., formerly Nike Securities LP. He began his experience in the

financial industry as an assistant to the Vice President of Sales at Griffin, Kubik, Stephens and Thompson. The Board considered Mr. Bond's experience with ETFs and the fact that he was the founder of PowerShares.

Mr. Carome has served as a trustee with the Fund Family since 2010. He has served as the Senior Managing Director and General Counsel of Invesco Ltd. since 2006, and has held various senior executive positions with Invesco Ltd. since 2003. Previously, he served in various positions with Liberty Financial Companies, Inc., including Senior Vice President and General Counsel (2000-2001), General Counsel of certain investment management subsidiaries (1998-2000) and Associate General Counsel (1993-1998). Prior to his employment with Liberty Financial Companies, Inc., Mr. Carome was an associate with Ropes & Gray LLP. The Board considered Mr. Carome's senior executive position with Invesco Ltd.

Mr. Kole has served as a trustee with the Fund Family since 2006 and Chairman of the Audit Committee since 2008. He has been the Chief Financial Officer of Hope Network since 2008. Previously, he was the Assistant Vice President and Controller at Priority Health from 2005 to 2008, Senior Vice President of Finance of United Healthcare from 2004 to 2005 and Senior Vice President of Finance of Oxford Health Plans from 2000 to 2004. The Board of the Trust has determined that Mr. Kole is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the SEC. The Board considered the executive, financial and operations experience that Mr. Kole has gained over the course of his career and through his financial industry experience.

Mr. Nussbaum has served as a trustee with the Fund Family since 2003. He has served as the Chairman of Performance Trust Capital Partners since 2004 and was the Executive Vice President of Finance from 1994 to 1999. Mr. Nussbaum also served as Managing Director of the Communication Institute from 2002 to 2003. Prior to joining Performance Trust Capital Partners in 1994, he was a Vice President at Clayton Brown & Associates. Before that, he was a senior examiner with the Financial Markets Unit of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. The Board of the Trust has determined that Mr. Nussbaum is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the SEC. The Board considered the executive, financial, investment and operations experience that Mr. Nussbaum has gained over the course of his career and through his financial industry experience.

Mr. Wilson has served as a trustee with the Fund Family since 2006 and as lead Independent Trustee since 2011. Mr. Wilson has served as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Stone Pillar Advisers, Ltd. since 2010. Previously, he was the Chief Operating Officer (2007-2009) and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (2006-2007) of AMCORE Financial, Inc. Mr. Wilson also served as Senior Vice President and Treasurer of Marshall & Ilsley Corp. from 1995 to 2006. He started his career with the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, serving in several roles in the bank examination division and the economic research division. The Board of the Trust has determined that Mr. Wilson is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the SEC. The Board considered the executive, financial and operations experience that Mr. Wilson has gained over the course of his career and through his financial industry experience.

This disclosure is not intended to hold out any Trustee as having any special expertise and shall not impose greater duties, obligations or liabilities on the Trustees. The Trustees' principal occupations during the past five years or more are shown in the above tables.

The trusts in the Fund Family pay each Independent Trustee an annual retainer of \$195,000 for their service as Trustee (the "Retainer"). The Retainer is allocated half pro rata among all of the funds in the Fund Family and the other half is allocated among all of the funds in the Fund Family based on average net assets. Each Committee Chair receives an additional fee of \$10,000 per year, allocated in the same manner as the Retainer. The Trust also reimburses each Trustee for travel and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred in attending Board and committee meetings.

The Trust has a deferred compensation plan (the "DC Plan"), which allows each Independent Trustee to defer payment of all, or a portion, of the fees the Trustee receives for serving on the Board throughout the year. Each eligible Trustee generally may elect to have the deferred amounts credited with a return equal to the total return on one to five of the funds of the PowerShares Exchange-Traded Fund Trust or the Trust that are offered as investment options under the DC Plan. At the Trustee's election, distributions are either in one lump sum payment, or in the form of equal annual installments over a period of years designated by the Trustee. The rights of an eligible Trustee and the beneficiaries to the amounts held under the DC Plan are unsecured and such amounts are subject to the claims of the creditors of the funds. The Independent Trustees are not eligible for any pension or profit sharing plan.

The following sets forth the fees paid to each Trustee for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010.

<u>Name of Trustee</u>	<u>Aggregate Compensation From Trust</u>	<u>Pension or Retirement Benefits Accrued as Part of Fund Expenses</u>	<u>Total Compensation Paid From Fund Complex (1)</u>
Ronn R. Bagge	\$76,104	N/A	\$205,000
Todd J. Barre (2)	\$56,071	N/A	\$146,250
Marc M. Kole	\$76,104	N/A	\$205,000
Philip M. Nussbaum	\$72,392	N/A	\$195,000
Donald H. Wilson	\$72,392	N/A	\$195,000
H. Bruce Bond	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kevin M. Carome	N/A	N/A	N/A

- (1) The amounts shown in this column represent the aggregate compensation paid by all of the series of the trusts in the Fund Complex overseen by the Trustee for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010 before deferral by the Trustees under the DC Plan. The amounts shown for Messrs. Bagge and Nussbaum include \$20,500 and \$195,000, respectively, of deferred compensation pursuant to the DC Plan.
- (2) Mr. Barre joined the Board of the Trust effective February 1, 2010. Therefore, the figures presented are his compensation for the period from February 1, 2010 through October 31, 2010.

As of January 31, 2011, the Trustees and Officers, as a group, owned less than 1% of each Fund's outstanding Shares.

Principal Holders and Control Persons. The following tables set forth the name, address and percentage of ownership of each person who is known by the Trust to own, of record or beneficially, 5% or more of each Fund's outstanding Shares as of January 31, 2011:

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	76.77%

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP CONSUMER STAPLES PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
Merrill Lynch Professional 4 Corporate Place Piscataway, NJ 08854	29.91%
Citigroup Global Markets Inc. 333 W. 34th Street New York, NY 10001	13.20%
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	9.44%
Pershing LLC 1 Pershing Plaza Jersey City, NJ 07399	9.24%
Morgan Stanley DW Inc. 1585 Broadway New York, NY 10036	7.93%

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated 4 Corporate Plaza Piscataway, NJ 08854	5.53%
Goldman Sachs Execution & Clearing, L.P. 30 Hudson Street Jersey City, NJ 07302	5.38%

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP ENERGY PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. 211 Main Street San Francisco, CA 94105	19.45%
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	15.59%
National Financial Services LLC 200 Liberty Street New York, NY 10281	11.53%
Merrill Lynch Professional 4 Corporate Place Piscataway, NJ 08854	10.92%
Pershing LLC 1 Pershing Plaza Jersey City, NJ 07399	8.86%
Citigroup Global Markets Inc. 333 W. 34th Street New York, NY 10001	8.67%

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP FINANCIALS PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	94.20%

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP HEALTH CARE PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	78.29%
Raymond, James & Associates, Inc. 880 Carilion Parkway St. Petersburg, FL 33716	5.15%

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP INDUSTRIALS PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	69.66%
Merrill Lynch Professional 4 Corporate Place Piscataway, NJ 08854	10.13%

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
Raymond, James & Associates, Inc. 880 Carilion Parkway St. Petersburg, FL 33716	5.73%

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	50.97%
Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. 211 Main Street San Francisco, CA 94105	14.12%
Merrill Lynch Professional 4 Corporate Place Piscataway, NJ 08854	12.54%

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP MATERIALS PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
Merrill Lynch Professional 4 Corporate Place Piscataway, NJ 08854	56.25%
Timber Hill LLC 1 Pickwick Plaza Greenwich, CT 06830	10.02%
Goldman Sachs Execution & Clearing, L.P. 30 Hudson Street Jersey City, NJ 07302	8.37%
National Financial Services LLC 200 Liberty Street New York, NY 10281	6.64%
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	6.00%

POWERSHARES S&P SMALLCAP UTILITIES PORTFOLIO

<u>Name & Address</u>	<u>% Owned</u>
First Clearing, LLC 901 E. Byrd Street Richmond, VA 23219	79.93%
Mellon Trust of New England, National Association One Boston Place Boston, MA 02108	7.20%

Shareholder Communications. Shareholders may send communications to the Trustees by addressing the communications directly to the Board (or individual Board members) and/or otherwise clearly indicating in the salutation that the communication is for the Board (or individual Board members). The shareholder may send the communication to either the Trust's office or directly to such Board members at the address specified for each Trustee. Other shareholder communications received by the Trust not directly addressed and sent to the Board will be reviewed and generally responded to by management. Such communications will be forwarded to the Board at management's discretion based on the matters contained therein.

Investment Adviser. The Adviser provides investment tools and portfolios for advisers and investors. The Adviser is committed to theoretically sound portfolio construction and empirically verifiable investment

management approaches. Its asset management philosophy and investment discipline is deeply rooted in the application of intuitive factor analysis and model implementation to enhance investment decisions.

The Adviser acts as investment adviser for, and manages the investment and reinvestment of, the assets of the Funds. The Adviser also administers the Trust's business affairs, provides office facilities and equipment and certain clerical, bookkeeping and administrative services, and permits any of its officers or employees to serve without compensation as Trustees or Officers of the Trust if elected to such positions.

Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC, organized February 7, 2003, is located at 301 West Roosevelt Road, Wheaton, Illinois 60187.

Invesco Ltd. is the parent company of Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC and is located at Two Peachtree Pointe, 1555 Peachtree Street, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30309. Invesco Ltd. and its subsidiaries are an independent global investment management group.

Portfolio Managers. The Adviser uses a team of portfolio managers (the "Portfolio Managers"), investment strategists and other investment specialists. This team approach brings together many disciplines and leverages the Adviser's resources. Peter Hubbard oversees all research, portfolio management and trading operations of the Adviser. In this capacity, he oversees the team of the Portfolio Managers responsible for the day-to-day management of the Funds. Mr. Hubbard receives management assistance from Michael Jeanette, Jeffrey W. Kernagis and Brian Picken.

As of October 31, 2010, in addition to 44 funds of the Trust, Mr. Hubbard managed 63 portfolios of other exchange-traded funds in the Fund Family with a total of approximately \$17.6 billion in assets, 19 exchange-traded funds traded in Europe with approximately \$1.1 billion in assets and no other accounts.

As of October 31, 2010, in addition to 13 funds of the Trust, Mr. Jeanette managed 57 portfolios of other exchange-traded funds in the Fund Family with a total of approximately \$7.7 billion in assets, no other pooled investment vehicles and no other accounts.

As of October 31, 2010, in addition to 20 funds of the Trust, Mr. Kernagis managed three portfolios of other exchange-traded funds in the Fund Family with a total of approximately \$7.2 billion in assets, one exchange-traded fund traded in Europe with approximately \$60.8 million in assets and no other accounts.

As of October 31, 2010, in addition to 13 funds of the Trust, Mr. Picken managed 57 portfolios of other exchange-traded funds in the Fund Family with a total of approximately \$7.7 billion in assets, no other pooled investment vehicles and no other accounts.

Although the funds that are managed by the Portfolio Managers may have different investment strategies, each has an investment objective of replicating its Underlying Index. The Adviser does not believe that management of the different funds presents a material conflict of interest for the Portfolio Managers or the Adviser.

Description of Compensation Structure. The Portfolio Managers are compensated with a fixed salary amount by the Adviser. The Portfolio Managers are eligible, along with other senior employees of the Adviser, to participate in a year-end discretionary bonus pool. The Compensation Committee of the Adviser will review management bonuses and, depending upon the size, the bonuses may be approved in advance by the Compensation Committee. There is no policy regarding, or agreement with, the Portfolio Managers or any other senior executive of the Adviser to receive bonuses or any other compensation in connection with the performance of any of the accounts managed by the Portfolio Managers. As of October 31, 2010, Messrs. Hubbard, Jeanette, Kernagis and Picken did not own any securities of the Funds.

Investment Advisory Agreement. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser is responsible for all expenses of the Funds, including the cost of transfer agency, custody, fund administration, legal, audit and other services, except for distribution fees, if any, brokerage expenses, taxes, interest, litigation expenses and other extraordinary expenses. For the Adviser's services to the Funds, each Fund has agreed to pay an annual unitary management fee, paid monthly, equal to 0.29% of its average daily net assets (the "Advisory Fee").

The aggregate amount of the Advisory Fee paid by each Fund to the Adviser since the commencement of investment operations of that Fund is set forth in the chart below.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Advisory Fee Paid for the Fiscal Year Ended October 31, 2010</u>	<u>Date of Commencement of Investment Operations</u>
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio	\$22,940	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio	\$7,197	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio	\$9,544	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio	\$32,347	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio	\$45,016	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio	\$16,162	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio	\$19,641	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio	\$4,604	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio	\$23,546	04/05/2010

The Adviser has overall responsibility for the general management and administration of the Trust. The Adviser provides an investment program for the Funds and manages the investment of the Funds' assets.

Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser will not be liable for any error of judgment or mistake of law or for any loss suffered by the Funds in connection with the performance of the Investment Advisory Agreement, except a loss resulting from willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence on the part of the Adviser in the performance of its duties or from reckless disregard of its duties and obligations thereunder. After the initial term, the Investment Advisory Agreement continues in effect (following the initial term of the Investment Advisory Agreement) only if approved annually by the Board, including a majority of the Independent Trustees. The Investment Advisory Agreement terminates automatically upon assignment and is terminable at any time without penalty as to a Fund by the Board, including a majority of the Independent Trustees, or by vote of the holders of a majority of that Fund's outstanding voting securities on 60 days written notice to the Adviser, or by the Adviser on 60 days written notice to the Fund.

Administrator. BNYM serves as administrator for the Funds. Its principal address is 101 Barclay Street, New York, New York 10286. BNYM serves as administrator for the Trust pursuant to an administrative services agreement (the "Administrative Services Agreement"). Under the Administrative Services Agreement, BNYM is obligated on a continuous basis, to provide such administrative services as the Board reasonably deems necessary for the proper administration of the Trust and the Funds. BNYM will generally assist in all aspects of the Trust's and the Funds' operations, including supply and maintain office facilities (which may be in BNYM's own offices), statistical and research data, data processing services, clerical, accounting, bookkeeping and record keeping services (including, without limitation, the maintenance of such books and records as are required under the 1940 Act and the rules thereunder, except as maintained by other agency agents), internal auditing, executive and administrative services, and stationery and office supplies; prepare reports to shareholders or investors; prepare and file tax returns; supply financial information and supporting data for reports to and filings with the SEC; supply supporting documentation for meetings of the Board; provide monitoring reports and assistance regarding compliance with the Declaration of Trust, by-laws, investment objectives and policies and with federal and state securities laws; and negotiate arrangements with, and supervise and coordinate the activities of, agents and others to supply services.

As compensation for the foregoing services, BNYM receives certain out-of-pocket costs, transaction fees and asset-based fees which are accrued daily and paid monthly by the Adviser from the Advisory Fee.

Custodian, Transfer Agent and Fund Accounting Agent. BNYM (the "Custodian" or "Transfer Agent"), located at 101 Barclay Street, New York, New York 10286, also serves as custodian for the Funds pursuant to a custodian agreement (the "Custodian Agreement"). As custodian, BNYM holds the Funds' assets, calculates the NAV of the Shares and calculates net income and realized capital gains or losses. BNYM also serves as transfer agent of the Funds pursuant to a Transfer Agency Agreement. Further, BNYM serves as Fund accounting agent

pursuant to a fund accounting agreement (the “Fund Accounting Agreement”). As compensation for the foregoing services, BNYM receives certain out-of-pocket costs, transaction fees and asset-based fees which are accrued daily and paid monthly by the Adviser from the Advisory Fee.

Distributor. Invesco Distributors, Inc. (the “Distributor”) is the distributor of the Funds’ Shares. The Distributor’s principal address is 11 Greenway Plaza, Suite 100, Houston, Texas 77046-1173. The Distributor has entered into a distribution agreement (the “Distribution Agreement”) with the Trust pursuant to which it distributes Shares. Shares are continuously offered for sale by the Funds through the Distributor only in Creation Unit Aggregations, as described in the Prospectus and below under the heading “Creation and Redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations.”

Aggregations. Shares in less than Creation Unit Aggregations are not distributed by the Distributor. The Distributor will deliver the Prospectus and, upon request, this SAI to persons purchasing Creation Unit Aggregations and will maintain records of both orders placed with it and confirmations of acceptance furnished by it. The Distributor is a broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”).

The Distribution Agreement for the Funds provides that it may be terminated as to a Fund at any time, without the payment of any penalty, on at least 60 days written notice by the Trust to the Distributor (i) by vote of a majority of the Independent Trustees or (ii) by vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Fund. The Distribution Agreement will terminate automatically in the event of its assignment (as defined in the 1940 Act).

The Distributor may also enter into agreements with securities dealers (“Soliciting Dealers”) who will solicit purchases of Creation Unit Aggregations of Shares. Such Soliciting Dealers may also be Participating Parties (as defined in “Procedures for Creation of Creation Unit Aggregations” below) and DTC Participants (as defined in “DTC Acts as Securities Depository for Shares” below).

Index Providers. Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC (“Standard & Poor’s”) is the Index Provider for each Fund’s Underlying Index. Set forth below is a list of each Fund and the Underlying Index upon which it is based.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Underlying Index</u>
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Consumer Discretionary Index ^{®*}
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Consumer Staples Index ^{®*}
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Energy Index ^{®*}
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Financials Index ^{®*}
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped HealthCare Index ^{®*}
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Industrials Index ^{®*}
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Information Technology Index ^{®*}
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Materials Index ^{®*}
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio	S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Utilities & Telecom Services Index ^{®*}

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Additional information about each Fund’s Underlying Index methodology is set forth below.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Consumer Discretionary Index[®]

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Consumer Discretionary Index[®] is comprised of common stocks of small capitalization U.S. consumer discretionary companies that are principally engaged in the businesses of providing consumer goods and services that are cyclical in nature, including, but not limited to, household durables, leisure products and services, apparel and luxury goods, computers and electronics, automobiles and auto components, hotel and restaurant services and television and other entertainment goods and services.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Consumer Staples Index®

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Consumer Staples Index® is comprised of common stocks of small capitalization U.S. consumer staples companies that are principally engaged in the businesses of providing consumer goods and services that have non-cyclical characteristics, including tobacco, textiles, food and beverage, and non-discretionary retail.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Energy Index®

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Energy Index® is comprised of common stocks of small capitalization U.S. energy companies that are principally engaged in the business of producing, distributing or servicing energy related products, including oil and gas exploration and production, refining, oil services, pipeline, and solar, wind and other non-oil based energy.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Financials Index®

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Financials Index® is comprised of common stocks of small capitalization U.S. financial service companies that are principally engaged in the business of providing financial services and products, including banking, investment services, insurance and real estate finance services.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped HealthCare Index®

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped HealthCare Index® is comprised of common stocks of small capitalization U.S. healthcare companies that are principally engaged in the business of providing healthcare-related products and services, including biotechnology, pharmaceuticals, medical technology and supplies, and facilities.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Industrials Index®

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Industrials Index® is comprised of common stocks of small capitalization U.S. industrial companies. These are companies that are principally engaged in the business of providing industrial products and services, including engineering, heavy machinery, construction, electrical equipment, aerospace and defense and general manufacturing.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Information Technology Index®

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Information Technology Index® is comprised of common stocks of small capitalization U.S. information technology companies that are principally engaged in the business of providing information technology-related products and services, including computer hardware and software, Internet, electronics and semiconductors, and communication technologies.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Materials Index®

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Materials Index® is comprised of common stocks of small capitalization U.S. basic materials companies that are principally engaged in the business of producing raw materials, including paper or wood products, chemicals, construction materials, and mining and metals.

S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Utilities & Telecom Services Index®

The S&P SmallCap 600 Capped Utilities & Telecom Services Index® is comprised of common stocks of U.S. utility companies that are principally engaged in providing either energy, water, electric or natural gas utilities or providing telecommunications services.

Disclaimers. THE FUNDS ARE NOT SPONSORED, ENDORSED, SOLD OR PROMOTED BY STANDARD & POOR'S AND ITS AFFILIATES ("S&P"). S&P MAKES NO REPRESENTATION, CONDITION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, TO THE OWNERS OF THE FUNDS OR ANY MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC REGARDING THE ADVISABILITY OF INVESTING IN SECURITIES GENERALLY OR IN ANY FUND PARTICULARLY OR THE ABILITY OF THE UNDERLYING INDEXES TO TRACK THE PERFORMANCE OF CERTAIN FINANCIAL MARKETS AND/OR SECTIONS THEREOF AND/OR OF GROUPS OF ASSETS OR ASSET CLASSES. S&P'S ONLY RELATIONSHIP TO THE

ADVISER IS THE LICENSING OF CERTAIN TRADEMARKS AND TRADE NAMES AND OF THE UNDERLYING INDEXES WHICH IS DETERMINED, COMPOSED AND CALCULATED BY S&P WITHOUT REGARD TO THE ADVISER OR THE FUNDS. S&P HAS NO OBLIGATION TO TAKE THE NEEDS OF THE ADVISER OR THE OWNERS OF THE FUNDS INTO CONSIDERATION IN DETERMINING, COMPOSING OR CALCULATING THE UNDERLYING INDEXES. S&P IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR AND HAS NOT PARTICIPATED IN THE DETERMINATION OF THE PRICES AND AMOUNT OF THE FUNDS OR THE TIMING OF THE ISSUANCE OR SALE OF THE FUNDS OR IN THE DETERMINATION OR CALCULATION OF THE EQUATION BY WHICH SHARES ARE TO BE CONVERTED INTO CASH. S&P HAS NO OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ADMINISTRATION, MARKETING, OR TRADING OF THE FUNDS.

S&P DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE UNDERLYING INDEXES OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN AND S&P SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INTERRUPTIONS THEREIN. S&P MAKES NO WARRANTY, CONDITION OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY THE ADVISER, OWNERS OF THE FUNDS, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEXES OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. S&P MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, REPRESENTATIONS OR CONDITIONS, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE AND ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION WITH RESPECT TO THE UNDERLYING INDEXES OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL S&P HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS) RESULTING FROM THE USE OF THE UNDERLYING INDEXES OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN, EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

The Adviser does not guarantee the accuracy and/or the completeness of each Underlying Index or any data included therein, and the Adviser shall have no liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions therein. The Adviser makes no warranty, express or implied, as to results to be obtained by the Funds, owners of the Shares of the Funds or any other person or entity from the use of each Underlying Index or any data included therein. The Adviser makes no express or implied warranties, and expressly disclaims all warranties of merchantability, title or fitness for a particular purpose or use with respect to each Underlying Index or any data included therein. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall the Adviser have any liability for any special, exemplary, punitive, direct, indirect or consequential damages (including lost profits), however caused and on any theory of liability, whether in contract, strict liability or tort (including negligence or otherwise), resulting from the use of each Underlying Index or any data included therein, even if notified of the possibility of such damages.

BROKERAGE TRANSACTIONS

The policy of the Adviser regarding purchases and sales of securities is that primary consideration will be given to obtaining the most favorable prices and efficient executions of transactions under the circumstances. Consistent with this policy, when securities transactions are effected on a stock exchange, the Adviser's policy is to pay commissions that are considered fair and reasonable without necessarily determining that the lowest possible commissions are paid in all circumstances. In seeking to determine the reasonableness of brokerage commissions paid in any transaction, the Adviser relies upon its experience and knowledge regarding commissions generally charged by various brokers. The sale of Shares by a broker-dealer is not a factor in the selection of broker-dealers.

In seeking to implement the Adviser's policies, the Adviser effects transactions with those brokers and dealers that the Adviser believes provide the most favorable prices and are capable of providing efficient executions. The Adviser and its affiliates do not currently participate in soft dollar transactions.

The Adviser assumes general supervision over placing orders on behalf of the Funds for the purchase or sale of portfolio securities. If purchases or sales of portfolio securities by the Funds and one or more other investment companies or clients supervised by the Adviser are considered at or about the same time, transactions in such

securities are allocated among the Fund, the several investment companies and clients in a manner deemed equitable to all by the Adviser. In some cases, this procedure could have a detrimental effect on the price or volume of the security as far as the Funds are concerned. However, in other cases, it is possible that the ability to participate in volume transactions and to negotiate lower brokerage commissions will be beneficial to the Funds. The primary consideration is prompt execution of orders at the most favorable net price under the circumstances.

The aggregate brokerage commissions paid by each Fund since the commencement of investment operations of that Fund are set forth in the chart below.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Brokerage Commissions Paid for the Fiscal Year Ended October 31, 2010</u>	<u>Date of Commencement of Investment Operations</u>
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Discretionary Portfolio	\$600	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Consumer Staples Portfolio	\$279	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Energy Portfolio	\$436	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Financials Portfolio	\$1,897	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Health Care Portfolio	\$2,581	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Industrials Portfolio	\$950	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Information Technology Portfolio	\$967	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Materials Portfolio	\$504	04/05/2010
PowerShares S&P SmallCap Utilities Portfolio	\$984	04/05/2010

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE TRUST

The Trust is an open-end management investment company registered under the 1940 Act. The Trust was organized as a Massachusetts business trust on October 10, 2006 pursuant to a Declaration of Trust (the “Declaration”).

The Trust is authorized to issue an unlimited number of shares in one or more series or “funds.” The Trust currently is comprised of 45 funds. The Board has the right to establish additional series in the future, to determine the preferences, voting powers, rights and privileges thereof and to modify such preferences, voting powers, rights and privileges, and terminate any series without shareholder approval.

Each Share issued by a Fund has a pro rata interest in the assets of the Fund. Shares have no preemptive, exchange, subscription or conversion rights except as may be determined by the Trustees and are freely transferable. Each Share of a Fund is entitled to participate equally in dividends and distributions declared by the Board with respect to the Fund, and in the net distributable assets of the Fund on liquidation.

Shareholders are entitled to vote on any matter as required by the 1940 Act or other applicable laws but otherwise the Trustees are permitted to take any action without seeking the consent of shareholders. The Trustees may, without shareholder approval, amend the Declaration in any respect or authorize the merger or consolidation of the Trust or any Fund into another trust or entity, reorganize the Trust, or the Fund into another trust or entity or a series or class of another entity, sell all or substantially all of the assets of the Trust or the Fund to another entity, or a series or class of another entity, or terminate the Trust or the Fund.

Each Fund is not required to hold an annual meeting of shareholders, but will call special meetings of shareholders whenever required by the 1940 Act or by the terms of the Declaration.

Each Share has one vote with respect to matters upon which a shareholder vote is required consistent with the requirements of the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. Shares of all funds, including the Funds, of the Trust vote together as a single class except as otherwise required by the 1940 Act, or if the matter being voted on affects only a particular fund, and, if a matter affects a particular fund differently from other funds, the shares of that fund will vote separately on such matter.

The Declaration provides that by becoming a shareholder of a Fund, each shareholder shall be expressly held to have agreed to be bound by the provisions of the Declaration. The holders of Shares are required to disclose

information on direct or indirect ownership of Shares as may be required to comply with various laws applicable to the Funds or as otherwise determined by the Trustees, and ownership of Shares may be disclosed by the Fund if so required by law or regulation or as the Trustees may otherwise determine.

Under Massachusetts law applicable to Massachusetts business trusts, shareholders of such a trust may, under certain circumstances, be held personally liable as partners for its obligations. However, the Declaration contains an express disclaimer of shareholder liability for acts or obligations of the Trust and requires that notice of this disclaimer be given in each agreement, obligation or instrument entered into or executed by the Trust or the Trustees. The Declaration further provides for indemnification out of the assets and property of the Trust for all losses and expenses of any shareholder held personally liable for the obligations of the Trust. Thus, the risk of a shareholder incurring financial loss on account of shareholder liability is limited to circumstances in which both inadequate insurance existed and the Trust or Funds were unable to meet their obligations. The Trust believes the likelihood of the occurrence of these circumstances is remote.

The Trust's Declaration also provides that a Trustee acting in his or her capacity of trustee is not personally liable to any person other than the Trust or its shareholders, for any act, omission, or obligation of the Trust. The Declaration further provides that a Trustee or Officer is liable to the Trust or its shareholders only for his or her bad faith, willful misfeasance, gross negligence or reckless disregard of his or her duties, and shall not be liable for errors of judgment or mistakes of fact or law. The Declaration requires the Trust to indemnify any persons who are or who have been Trustees, Officers or employees of the Trust for any liability for actions or failure to act except to the extent prohibited by applicable federal law. In making any determination as to whether any person is entitled to the advancement of expenses in connection with a claim for which indemnification is sought, such person is entitled to a rebuttable presumption that he or she did not engage in conduct for which indemnification is not available.

The Trust's Declaration provides that any Trustee who serves as chair of the Board or of a committee of the Board, lead independent Trustee, or audit committee financial expert, or in any other similar capacity will not be subject to any greater standard of care or liability because of such position.

The Trust's Declaration provides a detailed process for the bringing of derivative actions by shareholders in order to permit legitimate inquiries and claims while avoiding the time, expense, distraction, and other harm that can be caused to a fund or its shareholders as a result of spurious shareholder demands and derivative actions. Prior to bringing a derivative action, a demand by the complaining shareholder must first be made on the Trustees. The Declaration details various information, certifications, undertakings and acknowledgements that must be included in the demand. Following receipt of the demand, the Trustees have a period of 90 days, which may be extended by an additional 60 days, to consider the demand. If a majority of the Trustees who are considered independent for the purposes of considering the demand determine that maintaining the suit would not be in the best interests of a Fund, the Trustees are required to reject the demand and the complaining shareholder may not proceed with the derivative action unless the shareholder is able to sustain the burden of proof to a court that the decision of the Trustees not to pursue the requested action was not a good faith exercise of their business judgment on behalf of that Fund. Trustees are not considered to have a personal financial interest by virtue of being compensated for their services as Trustees.

If a demand is rejected, the complaining shareholder will be responsible for the costs and expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by a fund in connection with the consideration of the demand, if a court determines that the demand was made without reasonable cause or for an improper purpose. If a derivative action is brought in violation of the Trust's Declaration, the shareholders bringing the action may be responsible for a Fund's costs, including attorneys' fees.

The Trust's Declaration further provides that a Fund shall be responsible for payment of attorneys' fees and legal expenses incurred by a complaining shareholder only if required by law, and any attorneys' fees that a Fund is obligated to pay on the basis of hourly rates shall be calculated using reasonable hourly rates. The Declaration also requires that actions by shareholders against a Fund be brought only in a certain federal court in Illinois, or if not permitted to be brought in federal court, then in an Illinois state court, and that the right to jury trial be waived to the full extent permitted by law.

The Trust does not have information concerning the beneficial ownership of Shares held by DTC Participants (as defined below).

Shareholders may make inquiries by writing to the Trust, c/o the Distributor, Invesco Distributors, Inc., 11 Greenway Plaza, Suite 100, Houston, Texas 77046-1173.

Book Entry Only System. The following information supplements and should be read in conjunction with the section in the Prospectus entitled “Book Entry.”

DTC Acts as Securities Depository for Shares. Shares of the Funds are represented by securities registered in the name of DTC or its nominee and deposited with, or on behalf of, DTC.

DTC, a limited purpose trust company, was created to hold securities of its participants (the “DTC Participants”) and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions among the DTC Participants in such securities through electronic book entry changes in accounts of the DTC Participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. DTC Participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations, some of whom (and/or their representatives) own DTC. More specifically, DTC is owned by a number of its DTC Participants and by New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) and FINRA. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC Participant, either directly or indirectly (the “Indirect Participants”).

Beneficial ownership of Shares is limited to DTC Participants, Indirect Participants and persons holding interests through DTC Participants and Indirect Participants. Ownership of beneficial interests in Shares (owners of such beneficial interests are referred to herein as “Beneficial Owners”) is shown on, and the transfer of ownership is effected only through, records maintained by DTC (with respect to DTC Participants) and on the records of DTC Participants (with respect to Indirect Participants and Beneficial Owners that are not DTC Participants). Beneficial Owners will receive from or through the DTC Participant a written confirmation relating to their purchase and sale of Shares.

Conveyance of all notices, statements and other communications to Beneficial Owners is effected as follows. Pursuant to the Depository Agreement between the Trust and DTC, DTC is required to make available to the Trust upon request and for a fee to be charged to the Trust a listing of the Shares of the Funds held by each DTC Participant. The Trust shall inquire of each such DTC Participant as to the number of Beneficial Owners holding Shares, directly or indirectly, through such DTC Participant. The Trust shall provide each such DTC Participant with copies of such notice, statement or other communication, in such form, number and at such place as such DTC Participant may reasonably request, in order that such notice, statement or communication may be transmitted by such DTC Participant, directly or indirectly, to such Beneficial Owners. In addition, the Trust shall pay to each such DTC Participant a fair and reasonable amount as reimbursement for the expenses attendant to such transmittal, all subject to applicable statutory and regulatory requirements.

Fund distributions shall be made to DTC or its nominee, Cede & Co., as the registered holder of all Shares. DTC or its nominee, upon receipt of any such distributions, shall immediately credit DTC Participants’ accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in Shares of the Fund as shown on the records of DTC or its nominee. Payments by DTC Participants to Indirect Participants and Beneficial Owners of Shares held through such DTC Participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, and will be the responsibility of such DTC Participants.

The Trust has no responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or notices to Beneficial Owners, or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests in such Shares, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests, or for any other aspect of the relationship between DTC and the DTC Participants or the relationship between such DTC Participants and the Indirect Participants and Beneficial Owners owning through such DTC Participants.

DTC may decide to discontinue providing its service with respect to Shares at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Trust and discharging its responsibilities with respect thereto under applicable law. Under such circumstances, the Trust shall take action to find a replacement for DTC to perform its functions at a comparable cost.

Proxy Voting. The Board has delegated responsibility for decisions regarding proxy voting for securities held by each Fund to the Adviser. The Adviser will vote such proxies in accordance with its proxy policies and procedures, which are summarized in Appendix A to this SAI. The Board will periodically review each Fund's proxy voting record.

The Trust is required to disclose annually the Funds' complete proxy voting record on Form N-PX covering the period July 1 through June 30 and file it with the SEC no later than August 31. Form N-PX for the Funds also will be available at no charge upon request by calling 800.983.0903 or by writing to PowerShares Exchange-Traded Fund Trust II at 301 West Roosevelt Road, Wheaton, Illinois 60187. The Funds' Form N-PX will also be available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Codes of Ethics. Pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act, the Board has adopted a Code of Ethics for the Trust and approved Codes of Ethics adopted by the Adviser and the Distributor (collectively the "Codes"). The Codes are intended to ensure that the interests of shareholders and other clients are placed ahead of any personal interest, that no undue personal benefit is obtained from the person's employment activities and that actual and potential conflicts of interest are avoided.

The Codes apply to the personal investing activities of Trustees and Officers of the Trust, the Adviser and the Distributor ("Access Persons"). Rule 17j-1 and the Codes are designed to prevent unlawful practices in connection with the purchase or sale of securities by Access Persons. Under the Codes, Access Persons are permitted to engage in personal securities transactions, but are required to report their personal securities transactions for monitoring purposes. The Codes permit personnel subject to the Codes to invest in securities subject to certain limitations, including securities that may be purchased or held by a Fund. In addition, certain Access Persons are required to obtain approval before investing in initial public offerings or private placements. The Codes are on file with the SEC and are available to the public.

CREATION AND REDEMPTION OF CREATION UNIT AGGREGATIONS

Creation. The Trust issues Shares of each Fund only in Creation Unit Aggregations on a continuous basis through the Distributor, without a sales load, at their NAVs next determined after receipt, on any Business Day (as defined below), of an order in proper form.

A "Business Day" is any day on which NYSE is open for business. As of the date of this SAI, NYSE observes the following holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Washington's Birthday, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.

Deposit of Securities and Deposit or Delivery of Cash. The consideration for purchase of Creation Unit Aggregations of a Fund principally consists of the in-kind deposit of the Deposit Securities per each Creation Unit Aggregation constituting a substantial replication of the securities included in the relevant Underlying Index ("Fund Securities") and the Cash Component computed as described below, plus a fixed transaction fee, as discussed below. Together, the Deposit Securities and the Cash Component constitute the "Fund Deposit," which represents the minimum initial and subsequent investment amount for a Creation Unit Aggregation of a Fund.

The Cash Component is sometimes also referred to as the "Balancing Amount." The Cash Component serves the function of compensating for any differences between the NAV per Creation Unit Aggregation and the Deposit Amount (as defined below). The Cash Component is an amount equal to the difference between the NAV of the Shares (per Creation Unit Aggregation) and the "Deposit Amount"—an amount equal to the market value of the Deposit Securities. If the Cash Component is a positive number (i.e., the NAV per Creation Unit Aggregation exceeds the Deposit Amount), the creator will deliver the Cash Component. If the Cash Component is a negative number (i.e., the NAV per Creation Unit Aggregation is less than the Deposit Amount), the creator will receive the Cash Component.

The Custodian, through the NSCC (discussed below), makes available on each Business Day, prior to the opening of business on the Exchange (currently 9:30 a.m., Eastern time), the list of the names and the required number of shares of each Deposit Security to be included in the current Fund Deposit (based on information at the end of the previous Business Day) for each Fund.

Such Fund Deposit is applicable, subject to any adjustments as described below, in order to effect creations of Creation Unit Aggregations of the Funds until such time as the next announced composition of the Deposit Securities is made available.

The identity and number of shares of the Deposit Securities required for a Fund Deposit for a Fund changes as rebalancing adjustments and corporate action events are reflected within the Fund from time to time by the Adviser with a view to the investment objective of the Fund. The composition of the Deposit Securities may also change in response to adjustments to the weighting or composition of the securities of the Underlying Index. In addition, the Trust reserves the right to permit or require the substitution of an amount of cash—i.e., a “cash in lieu” amount—to be added to the Cash Component to replace any Deposit Security that may not be available in sufficient quantity for delivery or that may not be eligible for transfer through the systems of DTC or the Clearing Process (discussed below), if any, or which might not be eligible for trading by an AP (as defined below) or the investor for which it is acting or other relevant reason. Brokerage commissions incurred in connection with the acquisition of Deposit Securities not eligible for transfer through the systems of DTC, and hence not eligible for transfer through the Clearing Process (discussed below), if any, will be at the expense of the Funds and will affect the value of the Shares, but the Adviser, subject to the approval of the Board, may adjust the transaction fee within the parameters described above to protect ongoing shareholders. The adjustments described above will reflect changes known to the Adviser on the date of announcement to be in effect by the time of delivery of the Fund Deposit, in the composition of each Fund’s Underlying Index or resulting from certain corporate actions.

In addition to the list of names and numbers of securities constituting the current Deposit Securities of a Fund Deposit, the Custodian, through the NSCC, also makes available on each Business Day, the estimated Cash Component, effective through and including the previous Business Day, per outstanding Creation Unit Aggregation of the Funds.

Procedures for Creation of Creation Unit Aggregations. To be eligible to place orders with the Transfer Agent and to create a Creation Unit Aggregation of a Fund, an entity must be (i) a “Participating Party,” i.e., a broker-dealer or other participant in the clearing process through the Continuous Net Settlement System of the NSCC (the “Clearing Process”), a clearing agency that is registered with the SEC; or (ii) a DTC Participant (see the Book Entry Only System section), and, in each case, must have executed an agreement with the Distributor, with respect to creations and redemptions of Creation Unit Aggregations (“Participant Agreement”) (discussed below). A Participating Party and DTC Participant are collectively referred to as an “AP.” Investors should contact the Distributor for the names of APs that have signed a Participant Agreement. All Shares, however created, will be entered on the records of DTC in the name of Cede & Co. for the account of a DTC Participant.

All orders to create Creation Unit Aggregations must be received by the Transfer Agent no later than the closing time of the regular trading session on NYSE (“Closing Time”) (ordinarily 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) in each case on the date such order is placed in order for creation of Creation Unit Aggregations to be effected based on the NAV of Shares of a Fund as next determined on such date after receipt of the order in proper form. In the case of custom orders, the order must be received by the Transfer Agent no later than 3:00 p.m., Eastern time on the trade date. With respect to in-kind creations, a custom order may be placed by an AP where cash replaces any Deposit Security which may not be available in sufficient quantity for delivery or which may not be eligible for trading by such AP or the investor for which it is acting or other relevant reason. The date on which an order to create Creation Unit Aggregations (or an order to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations, as discussed below) is placed is referred to as the “Transmittal Date.” Orders must be transmitted by an AP by telephone or other transmission method acceptable to the Transfer Agent pursuant to procedures set forth in the Participant Agreement, as described below (see the “Placement of Creation Orders Using Clearing Process” and the “Placement of Creation Orders Outside Clearing Process” sections). Creation and redemption orders submitted after 4:00 p.m., New York time are subject to special procedures set forth in a supplement to the Participant Agreement. Severe economic or market disruptions or changes, or telephone or other communication failure may impede the ability to reach the Transfer Agent or an AP.

All orders from investors who are not APs to create Creation Unit Aggregations must be placed with an AP in the form required by such AP. In addition, the AP may request the investor to make certain representations or

enter into agreements with respect to the order, e.g., to provide for payments of cash, when required. Investors should be aware that their particular broker may not have executed a Participant Agreement and that, therefore, orders to create Creation Unit Aggregations of a Fund have to be placed by the investor's broker through an AP that has executed a Participant Agreement. In such cases there may be additional charges to such investor. At any given time, there may be only a limited number of broker-dealers that have executed a Participant Agreement. Those placing orders for Creation Unit Aggregations through the Clearing Process should afford sufficient time to permit proper submission of the order to the Transfer Agent prior to the Closing Time on the Transmittal Date. Orders for Creation Unit Aggregations that are effected outside the Clearing Process are likely to require transmittal by the DTC Participant earlier on the Transmittal Date than orders effected using the Clearing Process. Those persons placing orders outside the Clearing Process should ascertain the deadlines applicable to DTC and the Federal Reserve Bank wire system by contacting the operations department of the broker or depository institution effectuating such transfer of Deposit Securities and Cash Component.

Orders to create Creation Units of the Funds may be placed through the Clearing Process (see "Placement of Creation Orders Using Clearing Process") or outside the Clearing Process.

Placement of Creation Orders Using Clearing Process. The Clearing Process is the process of creating or redeeming Creation Unit Aggregations through the Continuous Net Settlement System of the NSCC. Fund Deposits made through the Clearing Process must be delivered through a Participating Party that has executed a Participant Agreement. The Participant Agreement authorizes the Transfer Agent to transmit through the Custodian to NSCC, on behalf of the Participating Party, such trade instructions as are necessary to effect the Participating Party's creation order. Pursuant to such trade instructions to NSCC, the Participating Party agrees to deliver the requisite Deposit Securities and the Cash Component to the Trust, together with such additional information as may be required by the Transfer Agent. An order to create Creation Unit Aggregations through the Clearing Process is deemed received by the Transfer Agent on the Transmittal Date if (i) such order is received by the Transfer Agent not later than the Closing Time on the Transmittal Date and (ii) all other procedures set forth in the Participant Agreement are properly followed.

Placement of Creation Orders Outside Clearing Process. Fund Deposits made outside the Clearing Process must be delivered through a DTC Participant that has executed a Participant Agreement pre-approved by the Adviser and the Distributor. A DTC Participant who wishes to place an order creating Creation Unit Aggregations to be effected outside the Clearing Process does not need to be a Participating Party, but such orders must state that the DTC Participant is not using the Clearing Process and that the creation of Creation Unit Aggregations will instead be effected through a transfer of securities and cash directly through DTC. The Fund Deposit transfer must be ordered by the DTC Participant on the Transmittal Date in a timely fashion so as to ensure the delivery of the requisite number of Deposit Securities through DTC to the account of a Fund by no later than 11:00 a.m., Eastern time, of the next Business Day immediately following the Transmittal Date.

All questions as to the number of Deposit Securities to be delivered, and the validity, form and eligibility (including time of receipt) for the deposit of any tendered securities, will be determined by the Trust, whose determination shall be final and binding. The amount of cash equal to the Cash Component must be transferred directly to the Transfer Agent through the Federal Reserve Bank wire transfer system in a timely manner so as to be received by the Transfer Agent no later than 2:00 p.m., Eastern time, on the next Business Day immediately following the Transmittal Date. An order to create Creation Unit Aggregations outside the Clearing Process is deemed received by the Transfer Agent on the Transmittal Date if (i) such order is received by the Transfer Agent not later than the Closing Time on such Transmittal Date; and (ii) all other procedures set forth in the Participant Agreement are properly followed. However, if the Transfer Agent does not receive both the required Deposit Securities and the Cash Component by 11:00 a.m. and 2:00 p.m., Eastern time, respectively, on the next Business Day immediately following the Transmittal Date, such order will be canceled. Upon written notice to the Transfer Agent, such canceled order may be resubmitted the following Business Day using a Fund Deposit as newly constituted to reflect the then current Deposit Securities and Cash Component. The delivery of Creation Unit Aggregations so created will occur no later than the third (3rd) Business Day following the day on which the purchase order is deemed received by the Transfer Agent.

Additional transaction fees may be imposed with respect to transactions effected outside the Clearing Process (through a DTC participant) and in the limited circumstances in which any cash can be used in lieu of Deposit Securities to create Creation Units. (See “Creation Transaction Fee” section below.)

Creation Unit Aggregations may be created in advance of receipt by the Trust of all or a portion of the applicable Deposit Securities as described below. In these circumstances, the initial deposit will have a value greater than the NAV of the Shares on the date the order is placed in proper form since, in addition to available Deposit Securities, cash must be deposited in an amount equal to the sum of (i) the Cash Component, plus (ii) 115% of the market value of the undelivered Deposit Securities (the “Additional Cash Deposit”). The order shall be deemed to be received on the Business Day on which the order is placed provided that the order is placed in proper form prior to 4:00 p.m., Eastern time, on such date, and federal funds in the appropriate amount are deposited with the Transfer Agent by 11:00 a.m., Eastern time, the following Business Day. If the order is not placed in proper form by 4:00 p.m., Eastern time, or federal funds in the appropriate amount are not received by 11:00 a.m., Eastern time, the next Business Day, then the order may be deemed to be canceled and the AP shall be liable to the Funds for losses, if any, resulting therefrom. An additional amount of cash shall be required to be deposited with the Trust, pending delivery of the missing Deposit Securities to the extent necessary to maintain the Additional Cash Deposit with the Trust in an amount at least equal to 115% of the daily marked-to-market value of the missing Deposit Securities.

Acceptance of Orders for Creation Unit Aggregations. The Trust reserves the absolute right to reject a creation order transmitted to it by the Transfer Agent in respect of a Fund if: (i) the order is not in proper form; (ii) the investor(s), upon obtaining the Shares ordered, would own 80% or more of the currently outstanding Shares of any Fund; (iii) the Deposit Securities delivered are not as designated for that date by the Custodian, as described above; (iv) acceptance of the Deposit Securities would have certain adverse tax consequences to the Fund; (v) acceptance of the Fund Deposit would, in the opinion of counsel, be unlawful; (vi) acceptance of the Fund Deposit would otherwise, in the discretion of the Trust or the Adviser, have an adverse effect on the Trust or the rights of Beneficial Owners; or (vii) in the event that circumstances outside the control of the Trust, the Custodian, the Transfer Agent, the Distributor or the Adviser make it for all practical purposes impossible to process creation orders. Examples of such circumstances include acts of God; public service or utility problems such as fires, floods, extreme weather conditions and power outages resulting in telephone, telecopy and computer failures; market conditions or activities causing trading halts; systems failures involving computer or other information systems affecting the Trust, the Adviser, the Distributor, the Transfer Agent, DTC, NSCC, the Custodian or sub-custodian or any other participant in the creation process, and similar extraordinary events. The Distributor shall notify a prospective creator of a Creation Unit Aggregation and/or the AP acting on behalf of such prospective creator of its rejection of the order of such person. The Trust, the Transfer Agent, the Custodian, any sub-custodian and the Distributor are under no duty, however, to give notification of any defects or irregularities in the delivery of Fund Deposits nor shall any of them incur any liability for the failure to give any such notification.

All questions as to the number of shares of each security in the Deposit Securities and the validity, form, eligibility, and acceptance for deposit of any securities to be delivered shall be determined by the Trust, and the Trust’s determination shall be final and binding.

Creation Transaction Fee. Investors will be required to pay a fixed creation transaction fee, described below, payable to BNYM regardless of the number of creations made each day. An additional charge of up to four times the fixed transaction fee (expressed as a percentage of the value of the Deposit Securities) may be imposed for (i) creations effected outside the Clearing Process; and (ii) cash creations (to offset the Trust’s brokerage and other transaction costs associated with using cash to purchase the requisite Deposit Securities). Investors are responsible for the costs of transferring the securities constituting the Deposit Securities to the account of the Trust.

The standard creation transaction fee and the maximum creation transaction fee for each Fund are \$500 and \$2,000, respectively.

Redemption of Shares in Creation Unit Aggregations. Shares may be redeemed only in Creation Unit Aggregations at their NAV next determined after receipt of a redemption request in proper form by a Fund through

the Transfer Agent and only on a Business Day. A Fund will not redeem Shares in amounts less than Creation Unit Aggregations. Beneficial Owners must accumulate enough Shares in the secondary market to constitute a Creation Unit Aggregation in order to have such Shares redeemed by the Trust. There can be no assurance, however, that there will be sufficient liquidity in the public trading market at any time to permit assembly of a Creation Unit Aggregation. Investors should expect to incur brokerage and other costs in connection with assembling a sufficient number of Shares to constitute a redeemable Creation Unit Aggregation.

With respect to a Fund, the Custodian, through the NSCC, makes available prior to the opening of business on the Exchange (currently 9:30 a.m., Eastern time) on each Business Day, the identity of the Fund Securities that will be applicable (subject to possible amendment or correction) to redemption requests received in proper form (as described below) on that day. Fund Securities received on redemption may not be identical to Deposit Securities that are applicable to creations of Creation Unit Aggregations.

Unless cash redemptions are permitted or required for a Fund, the redemption proceeds for a Creation Unit Aggregation principally consist of Fund Securities—as announced on the Business Day of the request for redemption received in proper form—plus or minus cash in an amount equal to the difference between the NAV of the Shares being redeemed, as next determined after a receipt of a request in proper form, and the value of the Fund Securities (the “Cash Redemption Amount”), less a redemption transaction fee as listed below. In the event that the Fund Securities have a value greater than the NAV of the Shares, a compensating cash payment equal to the difference is required to be made by or through an AP by the redeeming shareholder.

The right of redemption may be suspended or the date of payment postponed (i) for any period during which NYSE is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings); (ii) for any period during which trading on NYSE is suspended or restricted; (iii) for any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which disposal of the Shares of a Fund or determination of a Fund’s NAV is not reasonably practicable; or (iv) in such other circumstances as is permitted by the SEC.

An AP or an investor for which it is acting subject to a legal restriction with respect to a particular security included in the Fund Securities applicable to the redemption of a Creation Unit Aggregation may be paid an equivalent amount of cash. This would specifically prohibit delivery of Fund Securities that are not registered in reliance upon Rule 144A under the Securities Act to a redeeming investor that is not a “qualified institutional buyer,” as such term is defined under Rule 144A of the Securities Act. The AP may request the redeeming beneficial owner of the Shares to complete an order form or to enter into agreements with respect to such matters as compensating cash payment.

Redemption Transaction Fee. A redemption transaction fee is imposed to offset transfer and other transaction costs that may be incurred by a Fund. An additional charge of up to four times the fixed transaction fee for cash redemptions (when cash redemptions are available or specified) for a Fund may be imposed. Investors will also bear the costs of transferring the Fund Securities from the Trust to their account or on their order. Investors who use the services of a broker or other such intermediary in addition to an AP to effect a redemption of a Creation Unit Aggregation may be charged an additional fee of up to four times the fixed transaction fee for such services. The redemption transaction fees for a Fund are the same as the creation transaction fees set forth above.

The standard redemption transaction fee and the maximum redemption transaction fee for the Fund are \$500 and \$2,000, respectively.

Placement of Redemption Orders Using Clearing Process. Orders to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations must be delivered through an AP that has executed a Participant Agreement. Investors other than APs are responsible for making arrangements for an order to redeem to be made through an AP. An order to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations is deemed received by the Trust on the Transmittal Date if: (i) such order is received by the Transfer Agent not later than the Closing Time on the Transmittal Date; and (ii) all other procedures set forth in the Participant Agreement are properly followed.

Placement of Redemption Orders Outside Clearing Process. Orders to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations outside the Clearing Process must be delivered through a DTC Participant that has executed the Participant Agreement. A DTC Participant who wishes to place an order for redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations to be

effected outside the Clearing Process does not need to be a Participating Party, but such orders must state that the DTC Participant is not using the Clearing Process and that redemption of Creation Unit Aggregations will instead be effected through transfer of Shares directly through DTC. An order to redeem Creation Unit Aggregations outside the Clearing Process is deemed received by the Trust on the Transmittal Date if (i) such order is received by the Transfer Agent not later than 4:00 p.m., Eastern time on such Transmittal Date; (ii) such order is accompanied or followed by the requisite number of Shares of a Fund, which delivery must be made through DTC to the Custodian no later than 11:00 a.m., Eastern time (for the Shares), on the next Business Day immediately following such Transmittal Date (the “DTC Cut-Off-Time”) and 2:00 p.m., Eastern time for any Cash Component, if any owed to a Fund; and (iii) all other procedures set forth in the Participant Agreement are properly followed. After the Transfer Agent has deemed an order for redemption outside the Clearing Process received, the Transfer Agent will initiate procedures to transfer the requisite Fund Securities and the Cash Redemption Amount, if any, owed to the redeeming Beneficial Owner to the AP on behalf of the redeeming Beneficial Owner by the third Business Day following the Transmittal Date on which such redemption order is deemed received by the Transfer Agent.

The chart below describes in further detail the placement of creation and redemption orders through the NSCC and outside the Clearing Process.

	<u>Transmittal Date (T)</u>	<u>Next Business Day (T+1)</u>	<u>Second Business Day (T+2)</u>	<u>Third Business Day (T+3)</u>
Creation through NSCC				
Standard Orders	4:00 p.m. (ET) Order must be Received by the Distributor.	No action.	No action.	Creation Unit Aggregations will be delivered.
Custom Orders	3:00 p.m. (ET) Order must be received by the Distributor. Orders received after 3:00 p.m. (ET) will be treated as standard orders.	No action.	No action.	Creation Unit Aggregations will be delivered.
Creation Outside NSCC				
Standard Orders	4:00 p.m. (ET) Order in proper form must be received by the Distributor.	11:00 a.m. (ET) Deposit Securities must be received by the Fund’s account through DTC. 2:00 p.m. (ET) Cash Component must be received by the Custodian.	No action.	Creation Unit Aggregations will be delivered.
Standard Orders created in advance of receipt by the Trust of all or a portion of the Deposit Securities	4:00 p.m. (ET) Order in proper form must be received by the Distributor.	11:00 a.m. (ET) Available Deposit Securities. Cash in an amount equal to the sum of (i) the Cash Component, plus (ii) 115% of the market value of the undelivered Deposit Securities.	No action.	Creation Unit Aggregations will be delivered.
Custom Orders	3:00 p.m. (ET) Order in proper form must be received by the Distributor. Orders received after 3:00 p.m. (ET) will be treated as standard orders.	11:00 a.m. (ET) Deposit Securities must be received by the Fund’s account through DTC. 2:00 p.m. (ET) Cash Component must be received by the Custodian.	No action.	Creation Unit Aggregations will be delivered.

	<u>Transmittal Date (T)</u>	<u>Next Business Day (T+1)</u>	<u>Second Business Day (T+2)</u>	<u>Third Business Day (T+3)</u>
Redemption Through NSCC				
Standard Orders	4:00 p.m. (ET) Order must be Received by the Transfer Agent. Orders received after 4:00 p.m. (ET) will be deemed received on the next business day (T+1).	No action.	No action.	Fund Securities and Cash Redemption Amount will be transferred.
Custom Orders	3:00 p.m. (ET) Order must be received by the Transfer Agent. Orders received after 3:00 p.m. (ET) will be treated as standard orders.	No action.	No action.	Fund Securities and Cash Redemption Amount will be transferred.
Redemption Outside of NSCC				
Standard Orders	4:00 p.m. (ET) Order must be received by the Transfer Agent. Orders received after 4:00 p.m. (ET) will be deemed received on the next business day (T+1)	11:00 a.m. (ET) Shares must be delivered through DTC to the Custodian. 2:00 p.m. (ET) Cash Component, if any, is due. *If the order is not in proper form or the Shares are not delivered, then the order will not be deemed received as of T.	No action.	Fund Securities and Cash Redemption Amount is delivered to the redeeming beneficial owner.
Custom Orders	3:00 p.m. (ET) Order must be received by the Transfer Agent. Orders received after 3:00 p.m. (ET) will be treated as standard orders.	11:00 a.m. (ET) Shares must be delivered through DTC to the Custodian. 2:00 p.m. (ET) Cash Component, if any, is due. *If the order is not in proper form or the Shares are not delivered, then the order will not be deemed received as of T.		

TAXES

Each Fund intends to qualify for and to elect to be treated as a separate regulated investment company (a “RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code. As a RIC, a Fund will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of its taxable investment income and capital gains that it distributes to its shareholders. To qualify for treatment as a RIC, a company must annually distribute at least 90% of its net investment company taxable income (which includes dividends, interest and net short-term capital gains) and meet several other requirements relating to the nature of its income and the diversification of its assets. If a Fund fails to qualify for any taxable year as a RIC, all of its taxable income will be subject to tax at regular corporate income tax rates without any deduction for distributions to shareholders, and such distributions generally will be taxable to

shareholders as ordinary dividends to the extent of a Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profits. Nonresident shareholders that own, either directly or indirectly, more than 5% of a class of Shares are urged to consult their own tax advisors concerning special tax rules that may apply to their investment in Shares.

Each Fund is treated as a separate corporation for federal income tax purposes. Each Fund, therefore, is considered to be a separate entity in determining its treatment under the rules for RICs described herein and in the Prospectus. Losses in one fund do not offset gains in another fund and the requirements (other than certain organizational requirements) for qualifying for RIC status are determined at the fund level rather than the Trust level.

Each Fund will be subject to a 4% excise tax on certain undistributed income if it does not distribute to its shareholders in each calendar year at least 98% of its ordinary income for the calendar year plus 98.2% of its net capital gains for the twelve months ended October 31 of such year. Each Fund intends to declare and distribute dividends and distributions in the amounts and at the times necessary to avoid the application of this 4% excise tax.

As a result of tax requirements, the Trust on behalf of each Fund has the right to reject an order to purchase Shares if the purchaser (or group of purchasers) would, upon obtaining the Shares so ordered, own 80% or more of the outstanding Shares of the Fund and if, pursuant to Section 351 of the Internal Revenue Code, the Fund would have a basis in the Deposit Securities different from the market value of such securities on the date of deposit. The Trust also has the right to require information necessary to determine beneficial Share ownership for purposes of the 80% determination.

Each Fund may make investments that are subject to special federal income tax rules, such as investments in repurchase agreements, convertible securities, structured notes and non-U.S. corporations classified as "passive foreign investment companies." Those special tax rules can, among other things, affect the timing of income or gain, the treatment of income as capital or ordinary and the treatment of capital gain or loss as long-term or short-term. The application of these special rules would therefore also affect the character of distributions made by each Fund. The Funds may need to borrow money or dispose of some of their investments earlier than anticipated in order to meet their distribution requirements.

Distributions from a Fund's net investment income, including any net short-term capital gains, if any, are generally taxable as ordinary income. Distributions reinvested in additional Shares of a Fund through the means of a dividend reinvestment service will be taxable dividends to Shareholders acquiring such additional Shares to the same extent as if such dividends had been received in cash. Distributions of net long-term capital gains, if any, in excess of net short-term capital losses are taxable as long-term capital gains, regardless of how long Shareholders have held the Shares.

Dividends declared by the Funds in October, November or December and paid to shareholders of record of such months during the following January may be treated as having been received by such shareholders in the year the distributions were declared.

Long-term capital gains of non-corporate taxpayers generally are taxed at a maximum rate of 15% for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2013. In addition, for these tax years, some ordinary dividends declared and paid by a Fund to noncorporate shareholders may qualify for taxation at the lower reduced tax rates applicable to long-term capital gains, provided that holding period and other requirements are met by the Fund and the shareholder. Without future congressional action, the maximum rate of long-term capital gains will return to 20% in 2013, and all dividends will be taxed at ordinary income rates. Each Fund will report to shareholders annually the amounts of dividends received from ordinary income, the amount of distributions received from capital gains and the portion of dividends which may qualify for the dividends received deduction. In addition, each Fund will report the amount of dividends to noncorporate shareholders eligible for taxation at the lower reduced tax rates applicable to long-term capital gains.

If, for any calendar year, the total distributions made exceed a Fund's current and accumulated earnings and profit, the excess will, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, be treated as a tax free return of capital to each shareholder up to the amount of the shareholder's basis in his or her Shares, and thereafter as gain from the sale of

Shares. The amount treated as a tax free return of capital will reduce the shareholder's adjusted basis in his or her Shares, thereby increasing his or her potential gain or reducing his or her potential loss on the subsequent sale of his or her Shares.

The sale, exchange or redemption of Shares may give rise to a gain or loss. In general, any gain or loss realized upon a taxable disposition of Shares will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the Shares have been held for more than one year. Otherwise, the gain or loss on the taxable disposition of Shares will be treated as short-term capital gain or loss. A loss realized on a sale or exchange of Shares of a Fund may be disallowed if other substantially identical Shares are acquired (whether through the automatic reinvestment of dividends or otherwise) within a sixty-one (61) day period beginning thirty (30) days before and ending thirty (30) days after the date that the Shares are disposed of. In such a case, the basis of the Shares acquired must be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss. Any loss upon the sale or exchange of Shares held for six (6) months or less is treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of any capital gain dividends received by the shareholders. Distributions of ordinary income and capital gains may also be subject to state and local taxes.

Distributions of ordinary income paid to shareholders who are nonresident aliens or foreign entities that are not effectively connected to the conduct of a trade or business within the United States will generally be subject to a 30% United States withholding tax unless a reduced rate of withholding or a withholding exemption is provided under applicable treaty law. However, shareholders who are nonresident aliens or foreign entities will generally not be subject to United States withholding or income tax on gains realized on the sale of Shares or on dividends from capital gains unless (i) such gain or capital gain dividend is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States or (ii) in the case of an individual shareholder, the shareholder is present in the United States for a period or periods aggregating 183 days or more during the year of the sale or capital gain dividend and certain other conditions are met. Gains on the sale of Shares and dividends that are effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States will generally be subject to United States federal net income taxation at regular income tax rates. Nonresident shareholders are urged to consult their own tax advisors concerning the applicability of the United States withholding tax.

Some shareholders may be subject to a withholding tax on distributions of ordinary income, capital gains and any cash received on redemption of Creation Units ("backup withholding"). Generally, shareholders subject to backup withholding will be those for whom no certified taxpayer identification number is on file with a Fund or who, to the Fund's knowledge, have furnished an incorrect number. When establishing an account, an investor must certify under penalty of perjury that such number is correct and that such investor is not otherwise subject to backup withholding.

Each Fund may be subject to certain taxes imposed by the foreign country or countries in which it invests with respect to dividends, capital gains and interest income. Tax conventions between certain countries and the United States may reduce or eliminate such taxes. Under the Internal Revenue Code, if more than 50% of the value of a Fund's total assets at the close of any taxable year consists of stocks or securities of foreign corporations, a Fund may elect, for U.S. federal tax purposes, to treat any foreign country's income or withholding taxes paid by the Fund that can be treated as income taxes under U.S. income tax principles, as paid by its shareholders. For any year that a Fund makes such an election, each shareholder will be required to include in its income an amount equal to its allocable share of such taxes paid by the Fund to the foreign government and the shareholder will be entitled, subject to certain limitations, to either deduct its allocable share of such foreign income taxes in computing its taxable income or to use it as a foreign tax credit against U.S. income taxes, if any. Generally, foreign investors will be subject to an increased U.S. tax on their income resulting from a Fund's election to "pass-through" amounts of foreign taxes paid by the Fund, and will not be able to claim a credit or deduction with respect to the foreign taxes paid by the Fund treated as having been paid by them.

Each shareholder will be notified within 60 days after the close of a Fund's taxable year whether, pursuant to the election described above, any foreign taxes paid by the Fund will be treated as paid by its shareholders for that year and, if so, such notification will designate (i) such shareholder's portion of the foreign taxes paid to such country and (ii) the portion of the Fund's dividends and distributions that represents income derived from sources within such country. The amount of foreign taxes that may be credited against a shareholder's U.S. federal income tax liability generally will be limited, however, to an amount equal to the shareholder's U.S. federal income tax

rate multiplied by its foreign source taxable income. For this purpose, a Fund's gains and losses from the sale of securities, and currency gains and losses, will generally be treated as derived from U.S. sources. In addition, this limitation must be applied separately to certain categories of foreign source income. As a consequence, certain shareholders may not be able to claim a foreign tax credit for the full amount of their proportionate share of foreign taxes paid by a Fund. A shareholder's ability to claim a credit for foreign taxes paid by a Fund may also be limited by applicable holding period requirements.

The foregoing discussion is a summary only and is not intended as a substitute for careful tax planning. Purchasers of Shares should consult their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences of investing in such Shares, including under federal, state, local and other tax laws. Finally, the foregoing discussion is based on applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, regulations, judicial authority and administrative interpretations in effect on the date hereof. Changes in applicable authority could materially affect the conclusions discussed above, and such changes often occur.

DETERMINATION OF NAV

The following information should be read in conjunction with the section in the Prospectus entitled "Net Asset Value."

The NAV per Share is calculated by the Custodian and determined as of the close of the regular trading session on NYSE (ordinarily 4:00 p.m., Eastern time) on each day that such exchange is open. NAV is calculated by deducting all of a Fund's liabilities from the total value of its assets and dividing the result by the number of Shares outstanding, rounding to the nearest cent. All valuations are subject to review by the Trust's Board or its delegate. In determining NAV, expenses are accrued and applied daily and securities and other assets for which market quotations are available are valued at market value. Securities listed or traded on an exchange are generally valued at the last sales price or official closing price of the exchange where the security is primarily traded. Money market securities maturing in 60 days or less will be valued at amortized cost. Debt and securities not listed on an exchange normally are valued on the basis of prices provided by independent pricing services. The Adviser may use various pricing services or discontinue the use of any pricing service at any time. When price quotes are not readily available, securities will be valued using pricing provided from independent pricing services or by another method that the Adviser, in its judgment, believes will better reflect the securities' fair value in accordance with the Trust's valuation policies and procedures approved by the Board.

Even when market quotations are available, they may be stale or unreliable because the security is not traded frequently, trading on the security ceased before the close of the trading market or issuer specific events occurred after the security ceased trading or because of the passage of time between the close of the market on which the security trades and the close of NYSE and when a Fund calculates its NAV. Events that may cause the last market quotation to be unreliable include a merger or insolvency, events which affect a geographical area or an industry segment, such as political events or natural disasters, or market events, such as a significant movement in the U.S. market. Where market quotations are not readily available, including where the Adviser determines that the closing price of the security is unreliable, the Adviser will value the security at fair value in good faith using procedures approved by the Board. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments, and it is possible that a fair value determination for a security is materially different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. With respect to securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges, the value of a Fund's portfolio securities may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or sell your Shares.

DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

The following information supplements and should be read in conjunction with the section in the Prospectus entitled "Dividends, Distributions and Taxes."

General Policies. Ordinarily, dividends from net investment income, if any, are declared and paid quarterly. Distributions of net realized securities gains, if any, generally are declared and paid once a year, but the Trust may make distributions on a more frequent basis. The Trust reserves the right to declare special distributions if, in its

reasonable discretion, such action is necessary or advisable to preserve the status of each Fund as a RIC or to avoid imposition of income or excise taxes on undistributed income.

Dividends and other distributions on Shares are distributed, as described below, on a pro rata basis to Beneficial Owners of such Shares. Dividend payments are made through DTC Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners then of record with proceeds received from a Fund.

Dividend Reinvestment Service. No reinvestment service is provided by the Trust. Broker-dealers may make available the DTC book-entry Dividend Reinvestment Service for use by Beneficial Owners of a Fund for reinvestment of their dividend distributions. Beneficial Owners should contact their broker to determine the availability and costs of the service and the details of participation therein. Brokers may require Beneficial Owners to adhere to specific procedures and timetables.

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

Counsel. Dechert LLP, 1095 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10036, is counsel to the Trust.

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 300 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10017, serves as the Funds' independent registered public accounting firm. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP audits the Funds' financial statements and performs other related audit services.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The audited financial statements, including the financial highlights appearing in the Trust's Annual Report to shareholders with respect to the Funds for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010 and filed electronically with the SEC, are incorporated by reference and made part of this SAI. You may request a copy of the Trust's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports with respect to the Funds at no charge by calling 800.983.0903 during normal business hours.

APPENDIX A
INVESCO POWERSHARES CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLC
PROXY VOTING POLICY—OVERVIEW

Invesco PowerShares Capital Management LLC (“Invesco PowerShares”) has adopted proxy voting policies with respect to securities owned by the exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”) for which it serves as investment adviser and has the authority to vote proxies. Invesco PowerShares’s proxy voting policies are designed to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interests of an ETF. With respect to implementation of its proxy voting policies, Invesco PowerShares:

- 1) applies its proxy voting policies consistently;
- 2) documents the reasons for voting;
- 3) maintains records of voting activities; and
- 4) monitors to ensure voting recommendations of an independent service provider are in the best interests of shareholders.

Proxy Voting

Invesco PowerShares has retained Glass Lewis & Co. to provide in-depth proxy research and has retained Broadridge to provide vote execution and the recordkeeping services necessary for tracking proxy voting for the ETFs. Invesco PowerShares intends to vote according to Glass Lewis & Co.’s voting recommendations. Glass Lewis & Co. specializes in providing a variety of fiduciary-level services related to proxy voting. Please see Exhibit A, Glass Lewis & Co. Proxy Paper Policy Guidelines—An Overview of the Glass Lewis Approach to Proxy Advice 2008 Proxy Season.

Share blocking

Invesco PowerShares may choose not to vote proxies in certain situations or for certain accounts either where it deems the cost of doing so to be prohibitive or where the exercise of voting rights could restrict the ability of an ETF’s portfolio manager to freely trade the security in question. For example, in accordance with local law or business practices, many foreign companies prevent the sale of shares that have been voted for a certain period beginning prior to the shareholder meeting and ending on the day following the meeting (“share blocking”). Due to these restrictions, Invesco PowerShares must balance the benefits of voting proxies against the potentially serious portfolio management consequences of a reduced flexibility to sell the underlying Shares at the most advantageous time. For companies in countries with share blocking periods, the disadvantage of being unable to sell the stock regardless of changing conditions generally outweighs the advantages of voting at the shareholder meeting for routine items. Accordingly Invesco PowerShares will not vote those proxies in the absence of an unusual or significant vote.

Special Policy

With respect to the PowerShares Global Listed Private Equity Portfolio, PowerShares Ibbotson Alternative Completion Portfolio, PowerShares RiverFront Tactical Balanced Growth Portfolio, PowerShares RiverFront Tactical Growth & Income Portfolio, PowerShares CEF Income Composite Portfolio, PowerShares KBW High Dividend Yield Financial Portfolio, PowerShares Financial Preferred Portfolio, PowerShares Lux Nanotech Portfolio and PowerShares Senior Loan Portfolio, the Adviser will vote proxies in accordance with Section 12(d)(1)(E), which requires that the Adviser vote the shares in the portfolio of the PowerShares Global Listed Private Equity Portfolio, PowerShares Ibbotson Alternative Completion Portfolio, PowerShares RiverFront Tactical Balanced Growth Portfolio, PowerShares RiverFront Tactical Growth & Income Portfolio, PowerShares CEF Income Composite Portfolio, PowerShares KBW High Dividend Yield Financial Portfolio, PowerShares Financial Preferred Portfolio, PowerShares Lux Nanotech Portfolio and PowerShares Senior Loan Portfolio in the same proportion as the vote of all other holders of such security.